

Department of Mechanical Engineering, AmritaSchool of Engineering AmritapuriCampus, Kollam, Kerala, India.

MasterofTechnology(M.Tech.) in

ThermalandFluidsEngineering

Curriculumand Syllabus

Revisedon: May2025

Previous revisions: 2023, 2021, 2017, 2015, 2011

Preface

As the energy and process sector in India is in a boom, the need of the hour is engineers with strong background in thermal and fluid sciences capable of carrying out conceptual design. The program is aimed atproviding sufficient theoretical, computationaland experimental knowledge in the thermal and fluid sciences. It also encapsulates simulation and experimental skills applied to IC engines, power plant, aerospace and gas turbines research. The program is designed to equip students to perform design related tolinear and nonlinear steady state/ transient heat transfer, steady and unsteady fluid flow, multiphase flows, fluid structure interactions viz., estimation of thermal and pressure loadsandcoupledfieldanalysis.

The program provides required numerical simulation techniques for designandanalysis of equipment like gas turbines and accessories, steam turbines and reactor pipes, heat exchangers, compressors, turbines, pumps, propellers, rotor stator interactions, flowseparators, inlet manifolds, volutes, turbo chargers etc. The program includes adequatecourses for numerical analysis and computer simulation of thermal engineering problems. The course also introduces the student to experimental techniques like flow visualization, combustion diagnostics, particle characterization and other recent imaging techniquesadoptedinthefieldofthermalresearch. Asautomationis being introduced invarious fields of research and industry, new courses covering these topics are also included. Stu-dents will be eligible for the post of design/research engineers in industries related ther-mal and fluid sciences. This program provides excellent background needed to employmentinvarious R&Dorganizations and also for high quality academic research.

ProgramEducationalObjectivesoftheM.Tech(Thermal& FluidsEngineering)

PEO1: This program offers a state-of-the-art academic curriculum designed for students from Mechanical Engineering, Aerospace Engineering, and Chemical Engineering, exposing them to various subjects related to thermal and fluid engineering and providing the necessary technical knowledge to master the field.

PEO2: This program offers a comprehensive educational environment, enabling students togain expertise in various thermo-fluid systems of practical relevance.

PEO3: Expose students to the designed coursework and practical thermo-fluid systems, and prepare them to become engineers/designers in industries, researchers in academia and R&D organizations.

ProgramOutcomes (POs)

PO1: An ability to independently carry out research /investigation and development work to solvepractical problems.

PO2: Anability to write and present a substantial technical report/document.

PO3: Students should be able to demonstrate a degree of mastery over the area as per the specialization of the program. The mastery should be at a level higher than the requirements in the appropriate bachelor's program.

Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

PSO1: Apply the concepts to solve problems related to thermal and fluids engineering using modern tools.

PSO2: Apply the principles of thermo-fluids engineering to design and build innovative solutions for industry and society at large.

$\label{eq:curiculum} \textbf{M.TECH.THERMALANDFLUIDSENGINEERING} (TFE)$

FirstSemester

Course Code	Туре	Course	LT P	Credits	
25MA605	FC	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	30 3	4	
25TF601	FC	Advanced Fluid Dynamics	210	3	
25TF602	FC	Advanced Heat Transfer	210	3	
25TF603	FC	Advanced Engineering Thermodynamics	210	3	
25TF604	SC	Machine learning	303	4	
25TF681	FC	Experimental Methods for Thermal and Fluids Engineering	003	1	
25RM609	SC	Research Methodology	400	4	
25AVP501	HU	Mastery over Mind	102	2	
22ADM501	HU	Glimpses of Indian Culture		P/F	
23HU601	HU	Career Competency-I*	003	P/F	
		·	Credits 24		

^{*}Non-credit course

Second Semester

CourseCode	Type	Course	LT P	Credits
25TF611	SC	Computational Fluid Dynamics and Heat Transfer	303	4
25TF612	SC	Introduction to Deep Learning	303	4
25TF613	SC	Automation and IoT	300	3
25TF699		Project Seminar	003	1
25TF682	SC	Advanced Thermal & Fluids Eng. Lab	103	2
	E	Elective I	300	3
	E	Elective II	300	3
23HU611	HU	Career Competency-II	003	1
25TF698		Industry Internship	002	1
	Credits 2			ts 22

ThirdSemester

Course Code	Type	Course	LT P	Credits
25TF798	P	Dissertation – Stage I	0 0 22	11
			Credit	s 11

#FC – Foundation Core, SC – Subject Core, E – Elective, HU – Humanities, P - Project

FourthSemester

Course Code	Туре	Course	LT P	Credits
25TF799	P	Dissertation – Stage II	0 0 30	15
			Credits	15

Electives (Elective I&II)

Code	Course	LT P	Credits			
FluidStream						
25TF631	Aerodynamics	300	3			
25TF632	Bio-fluid mechanics	300	3			
25TF633	Boundary Layer Theory	300	3			
25TF634	Fluid Structure Interaction	300	3			
25TF635	Introduction to Turbulence	300	3			
	ThermalStream					
25TF641	Computational methods for Micro and Nano Scale Thermal Systems	3 0 0	3			
25TF642	Cryogenics	300	3			
25TF643	Heat Exchange Equipment	300	3			
25TF644	HVAC and Refrigeration	300	3			
25TF645	IC Engine Systems, Combustion and Emissions	300	3			
25TF646	Inverse Heat Transfer	300	3			
25TF647	Micro and Nano Scale Thermal Engineering	300	3			
25TF648	Two-phase Flow and Heat Transfer	300	3			
	Automation, AI and Energy Systems					
25TF651	Fuel Cell Technology and Hydrogen Energy	300	3			
25TF652	Instrumentation and Process Control	300	3			
25TF653	Introduction to data-driven methods	300	3			
25TF654	Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence	300	3			
25TF655	Nuclear Reactor Thermal-Hydraulics and Safety	300	3			
25TF656	Power Plant and Thermal Systems Engineering	300	3			
25TF657	Renewable Energy	300	3			
25TF658	Turbo machines	300	3			

SYLLABUS

FirstSemester

25MA605 AdvancedEngineeringMathematics

L T P C 3 0 3 4

Module-1

Linear Algebra:Linear dependence/independence of vectors, Rank of matrices, System of linearequations, Solution of system of linear equations, Vector spaces, Subspaces, Generating set, Basis,Dimension of vector spaces, Linear mapping, Transformation matrix, Basis change, Image and Kernel of linear mapping, Affine spaces, Norm of a vector space, Dot product, Quadratic form,symmetric positive definite matrices, Length, angle and orthogonality, Orthonormal basis, Innerproduct of functions, Orthogonal projections, Gram Schmidt orthogonalization, Eigen values and vectors,Matrixdecomposition:Choleskydecomposition,Eigendecomposition,Singularvaluedecom position,Matrixapproximation.

Module-2

Vectorcalculus:DifferentiationandTaylor'sseriesexpansionofunivariatefunctions,Partialdifferentiation, chain rule, Gradient of vector function(Jacobian), Gradient of a vectors with respect a matrix, Identities for computing gradients, Back propagation and automatic differentiation,Gradientsindeepneuralnetworks,Higherorderpartialderivatives,Hessian,Taylor'sseries expansion of multivariate functions, Vector calculus for physical fieldproblems, divergence and curl of vector fields, rotational and irrotational vector fields, Conservative vector fields, Vectorintegral calculus, line, surface and volume integrals, Stoke's theorem, Green's theorem and Gaussdivergencetheorem,

Probability: Introduction to Probability concepts, one dimensional and two dimensional Randomvariables, Jointly

Distributed Random Variables, Conditional Distributions.

Module-3

Solution using iterative methods: Gauss Seidel, SOR (point and line), Conjugate gradient, BiCGS tab, GMRES, Solution of systems of nonlinear algebraic equations.

 $Interpolations: Newton, Stirling, Lagrange, Richardson, Quadratic and Cubic splines, Inverse interpolation. \\Numerical Differentiation; Numerical integration: Higher-Order Newton-Order Newton-Order$

Cotesformulas, Rombergintegration, multiple integrals.

Lab Session

- Verify vector dependence/independence, find rank, basis, dimension, eigenvalues/eigenvectors, and perform matrix decompositions (Cholesky, Eigen, SVD) using MATLAB / Python with NumPy and SciPy.
- Calculate gradients, Jacobians, Hessians, Taylor series expansions, and implement backpropagation and automatic differentiation using MATLAB / PyTorch or TensorFlow in Python.
- Solve linear and nonlinear equations using iterative methods like Gauss-Seidel, SOR, Conjugate Gradient, BiCGStab, and GMRES with MATLAB / SciPy in Python.
- Apply interpolation (Newton, Lagrange, Stirling, splines), numerical differentiation, and

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] AdvancedEngineeringMathematics–ErvinKreyszig, 10thedition(2015), Wiely.
- [2] Linearalgebra anditsapplication –GilbertStrang,5thedition(2018),Cengage Learning.
- [3] MillerandFreund's-ProbabilityandStatisticsforEngineers—RichardAJohnson,7thedition(2008),Pearson.
- [4] Differential equations with applications and Historical notes-George FS immons-TataMcGraw Hill, 3rd edition (2016), Taylor & Francis.
- [5] MathematicsforMachineLearning— MarcPeterDeisenroth, A. AlsoFaisal, ChengSoonOng, Cambridge UniversityPress (2020)
- [6] Machineleaning: Aprobabilistic perspective, Kevin Murphy, MITPress (2012).

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Capability to understand mathematical notations and solve problems in linear algebra.CO2: Capability to do gradient evaluations of objective functions in optimization problemsCO3:Capabilityto do scalarand vector field operations CO4:CapabilityforsolvingmathematicalequationsmodelledasdifferentialequationsCO5: Solveproblems indistribution ofrandom variablesandparameterestimation.

25TF601

AdvancedFluidDynamics

L T P C 2 1 0 3

Module-1

Review of Basic Concepts: Concept of continuum, types of fluid and fluid properties-Kinematics of fluid flow - Vorticity and circulation - Potential flows: velocity potential and stream function, flow nets- Ideal Fluid Flow Analysis: Two-dimensional flow in rectangular and polar coordinates-sources, sinks, doublets, flow over a circular cylinder, vortex flows.

Module-2

Reynolds Transport Theorem, Integral fluid flow analysis - Differential Fluid Flow Analysis: differential forms of mass, linear momentum, angular momentum and energy conservation equations. Navier-Stokes equations and exact solutions- Couette flow, Poiseuille flow, Hagen-Poiseuille flow. Approximate solutions: Creeping flow, inviscid flow, irrotational flow. Euler's equation for turbomachines, Introduction to various types of turbo machines.

Module-3

Boundary Layer Theory: Laminar Boundary Layer Equation, Two dimensional equations, dis-placement and momentum thickness, general properties of the boundary layer equations, Blasius solution. Von-Karman Momentum integral equation and skin friction drag. Turbulent Boundary Layer: Two-dimensional equation, Prandtl's mixing layer Karman's hypothesis universal velocity distribution, flow over a flat plate, skin friction drag.

- [1] Cengel, Y.A. and Cimbala, J.M. Fluid Mechanics Fundamentals and applications, Tata McGraw Hill, 4thEd. 2019.
- [2] MunsonB.R., Young, D.F., and Okiishi, T.H., Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics. 7thEd., John Wiley & Sons. 2013.
- [3] Richard J. Glodstien, Fluid Mechanics Measurements, 2nd Edition (2017), Taylor and Francis.
- [4] BernardSMassey, Mechanics of Fluids, Taylor & Francis, 9thEd., 2019.
- [5] S K Som., Gautam Biswas., and Suam Chakraborty, Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Fluid machines, Mc Graw Hill, 3rd Edition.
- [6] PNModi.,S.M.Seth.,HydraulicsandFluidMechanicsincludingHydraulicMachines,StandardBoo k House, 21st Ed, 2017.
- [7] K Muralidhar G Biswas., Advanced Engineering Fluid Mechanics, Narosa publishers, 2nd Edition
- [8] Pijush J Kundu, Ira M Cohen., Fluid Mechanics, Elsevier, 5th Edition, 2012.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Developfundamentalknowledgeinthesubjectof fluidmechanics

CO2: Capabilitytoanalyzefluidflowsofdifferenttypesassociatedwithdifferentengineeringsituations

CO3: Developskillto proposesolutionsto fluidflowproblems tocatertoindustrialneeds

CO4: Capabilitytoconduct researchactivities in thearea offluid mechanics

Module-1

Fourier's law, thermal conductivity of matter, heat diffusion equation for isotropic and anisotropicmedia, boundary and initial conditions. One-dimensional steady-state conduction through planewall, cylinder and sphere. Conduction with thermal energy generation, heat transfer from extendedsurfaces, radial fins and finoptimization; Multidimensional-steady-state heat conduction; Transient conduction – lumped capacitance method and its validity, plane wall and radial systems, semi-infinite solid, anisotropic conduction. Review of viscous flow: Hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layers, Laminar flow heat transfer to developed and developing flow, laminar forced convection in pipe and ducts with different boundary conditions, external flows.

Module-2

Turbulence modeling, Heat transfer in turbulent boundary layers, Eddy diffusivity of heat andmomentum, turbulent flow through circular tubes and parallel plates with heat transfer, analogies between heat and momentum transfer. Laminar natural convection, natural convection in enclos ures, heat transfer correlations. Turbulent natural convection, turbulent heat transfer correlations. Boiling and condensation heat transfer—correlation and applications. Heat transfer with phase change: Pool boiling, convective boiling, film and dropwise condensation, empirical relations for heat transfer with phase change.

Module-3

Heat Exchangers: Types, classifications, selection, standards, parallel, counter and mixed flow,multiple passes, LMTD, correction factors, effectiveness, NTU methods. Practical problems and and and and and and are transfer systems drawn from industrial fields such as manufacturing, electronics, consumer products, and energy systems etc.

Radiation heat transfer, blackbody radiation, Plank distribution, Wien's displacement law, Stefan-Boltzmann law, surface emission, surface absorption, reflection, and transmission, Kirchoff's law,graysurface;Radiationintensityanditsrelationtoemission,irradiationandradiosity,Viewfactorsan dRadiationexchangebetweensurfaces. Elements of inverseheat transfer.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] BergmanT.L.,LavineA.S,IncroperaF.P,DeWittD.P.,FundamentalsofHeatandMassTransfer,Joh nWiley&Sons, 2011.
- [2] Holman, J.P., "Heat Tansfer", 9thedn. The McGraw-Hill Companies, 2008.
- [3] Burmeister, L.C., Convective Heat Transfer, 2e, John Wiley, 1993.
- [4] ModestMF, RadiativeHeatTransfer, McGraw-Hill, 1993.
- [5] JohnG.Collier, John R.Thome, Convectiveboilingandcondensation,Oxford UniversityPress,1996.
- [6] ShahRKandSekulicDP,FundamentalsofHeatExchangerDesign,JohnWileyandSons,2002.

CourseOutcomes

CO1:Deal withthe practical situations which involve one or more than one modes of heat transfer

CO2:Dealwithtransient and multi-dimensional conduction problems

CO3: Analyse the situation including fluid floward heattransfer

CO4:Dealwiththeeffect of radiation and heattransfer associated with it in practical situations

CO5:Understand the concepts of condensation and boiling

CO6: Designheat exchangersusing LMTD and NTU methods. Introduction to refrigeration.

Module-1

Review of I and IIL aws of Thermodynamics, irreversibility and availability, concept of entropy and entropy generation, exergy. Maxwell equations, Joule-

Thompsonexperiment. Thermodynamic cycles and cycle efficiency, exergy analysis of power and refrigeration cycles. New generation powerplants-Negative emission power plants, Environmental impact of powerplants.

Module-2

Thermodynamic Properties of Homogeneous Mixtures: Partial molar properties, phase equilibrium, multi-component and multi-phase systems, equations of state, The van der Waals equation of state. Kinetic theory of gases, principle of equipartition of energy, collision cross section, mean free path. Statistical thermodynamics introduction, energy states and energy levels, macro and microscales.

Module-3

Thermodynamicsofreactive systems: First and second law analysis of chemical reactions, thermo-dynamics of combustion, flames, adiabatic flame temperature.

Thermodynamics of irreversible processes: Phenomenological laws, reciprocity relation, applicability of the phenomenological relations, heat flux and entropy production, thermodynamic phenomena, thermoelectric phenomena.

Gasdynamics: Basicconcepts, Effect of Machnumber on compressibility, Isentropic Flow, concepts of Normal and obliqueshocks etc.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Bejan, A., Advanced Engineering Thermodynamics, 3rd Ed., John Wiley & Sons. 2006
- [2] CengelYunusA.andBolesMichael,Thermodynamics:AnEngineeringApproach,7thEdn,McGraw Hill, 2011.
- [3] Winterbone, AliTuran, Advanced Thermodynamics for Engineers, Elsevier Science, 2015.
- [4] MichelASaad, Thermodynamics: Principles and Practices, Prentice Hall, 1997.
- [5] F.W.Sears and G. L. Salinger, Thermodynamics, Kinetic Theory and StatisticalThermodynamics, NarosaPublishingHouse, New Delhi, 3rdedition, 1998
- [6] StephenR.Turns, AnIntroduction to Combustion: Concepts & Applications, McGraw-HillEducation, 3rd Edition, 2012.

CourseOutcomes

- CO1: Understand and apply the thermodynamic principles to reacting and non-reacting systems.
- CO2: Understand the thermodynamic properties of homogeneous mixtures.
- CO3: Understand the concept of kinetic theory and statistical thermodynamics.
- CO4: Apply the thermodynamic principles to irreversible processes.
- CO5: Analyse the performance of new generation power plant and fuel cell systems.

25TF604

MachineLearning

L T P C 3 0 3 4

Module-1

IntroductiontoMachineLearning-DataandFeatures-

Machine Learning Pipeline: Data Preprocessing: Standardization, Normalization, Missing data problem, Data imbalance problem

Data visualization - Setting up training, development and test sets - Cross validation - Problem of Overfitting, Biasvs Variance - Evaluation measures -

Differenttypesofmachinelearning:Supervisedlearning,Unsupervisedlearning,Reinforcementlearning,GenerativeLearningandadversariallearning.

Module-2

Supervised learning - Regression: Linear regression, logistic regression – Classification: K-NearestNeighbor, Naïve Bayes, Decision Tree, Random Forest, Support Vector Machine, Perceptron, Erroranalysis.

Module-3

Unsupervised learning – Clustering: K-means, Hierarchical, Spectral, subspace clustering, GaussianMixtureModel,HiddenMarkovModel,ParameterEstimation:MLEandBayesianEstimate,Expect ation Maximization, Dimensionality Reduction Techniques, Principal component analysis,LinearDiscriminant Analysis.

Module-4

Introduction to Neural Networks, Reinforcement learning and generative learning.

Lab Session

- Perform data preprocessing (missing values, standardization, normalization, data imbalance) and data visualization; implement cross-validation using **Python with pandas, scikit-learn, and matplotlib**.
- Implement regression (linear, logistic) and classification (KNN, Naïve Bayes, Decision Tree, Random Forest, SVM, Perceptron) models with error analysis using **scikit-learn in Python**.
- Apply clustering (K-means, hierarchical, spectral), dimensionality reduction (PCA, LDA), and parameter estimation (MLE, Bayesian, EM for Gaussian Mixture Models) using scikit-learn in Python.
- Develop basic neural networks, reinforcement learning, and generative learning models using **TensorFlow or PyTorch in Python**.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] AndrewNg, Machinelearning yearning, URL: http://www.mlyearning.org/(96)139(2017).
- [2] KevinP.Murphey.MachineLearning,aprobabilisticperspective.TheMITPressCambridge,Massach usetts,2012.
- [3] ChristopherMBishop.Pattern RecognitionandMachineLearning.Springer2010
- [4] RichardO.Duda, PeterE. Hart, DavidG. Stork. Pattern Classification. Wiley, Second Edition; 2007
- [5] Sutton, Richard S., and Andrew G. Barto. Reinforcement learning: An introduction. MIT press, 2018.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Apply pre-processing techniques to prepare the data for machine learning applicationsCO2:Implement supervised machinelearningalgorithms fordifferent datasets CO3:Implement unsupervisedmachine learningalgorithms fordifferent datasets CO4:Analyzethe errorto improvethe performanceof themachine learningmodels

EXPERIMENTS

- 1. a)Pipefrictionapparatus b)Reynoldsapparatus
- 2. a)Thermalconductivityofsolidsb)Heattransfer throughpin fin
- 3. a)Notchapparatusb) Peltonwheeltestrig
- 4. a)Forced convectionheattransferb)Naturalconvectionheattransfer
- 5. a) Verification of Bernoulli equation b) Centrifugal pump testrig
- 6. a)Parallel&counterflowheatexchangerb)Shellandtube heatexchanger
- 7. a)Meta-centreapparatusb) Venturiand orificemetertestrig
- 8. a)Stephan-Boltzmannapparatusb)Emissivityapparatus
- 9. a)Francisturbinetestrigb)Hele-Shawflowapparatus
- 10. R&ACtestrig.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Goldstein, R.J., Fluid Mechanics Measurements, 2nd Ed., CRCPress. 2017.
- [2] Eckert, R.G. and Goldstein, R.J., Measurements in Heat Transfer, 2nd Ed., Springer. 1986.
- [3] ExperimentalMethodsforEngineersbyHolman,8thEdition(2012),McGrawHill.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Gain confidence and develop physical insight into the fundamental concepts in fluids andthermalengineering

CO2: Identifying sources of errors in experiments and estimate uncertaintyCO3:Understand and utilizecurvefittingtechniques.

Module1

Meaning of Research, Types of Research, Research Process, Problem definition, Objectives of Research, Research Questions, Research design, Approaches to Research, Quantitative vs. QualitativeApproach, Understanding Theory, Building and Validating Theoretical Models, Exploratory vs.Confirmatory Research, Experimental vs Theoretical Research, Importance of reasoning in research.

Problem Formulation, Understanding Modeling& Simulation, Conducting Literature Review, Referencing, Information Sources, Information Retrieval, Role of libraries in Information Retrieval, Toolsforidentifyingliteratures, Indexing and abstractingservices, Citation indexes.

Module2

Experimental Research: Cause effect relationship, Development of Hypothesis, Measurement Systems Analysis, Error Propagation, Validity of experiments, Statistical Design of Experiments, FieldExperiments, Data/VariableTypes&Classification,Datacollection,NumericalandGraphicalData Analysis:Sampling,Observation,Surveys, InferentialStatistics,and InterpretationofResults.

Module3

Preparation of Dissertation and Research Papers, Tables and illustrations, Guidelines for writing theabstract, introduction, methodology, results and discussion, conclusion sections of amanuscript. References, Citation and listing system of documents Intellectual property rights (IPR) - patents-copyrights-Trademarks-Industrial design geographical indication. Ethics of Research-Scientific Misconduct- Forms of Scientific Misconduct. Plagiarism, Unscientific practices in thesis work, Ethicsin science.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Bordens, K. S. and Abbott, B. B., "Research Design and Methods A Process Approach", 8thEdition, McGraw-Hill, 2011.
- [2] C.R.Kothari, "ResearchMethodology—MethodsandTechniques", 2ndEdition, NewAgeInternationalPublishers.
- [3] Davis, M., Davis K., and Dunagan M., "Scientific Papers and Presentations", 3rd Edition, Elsevier Inc.
- [4] Michael P. Marder, "Research Methods for Science", Cambridge University Press, 2011.
- [5] T.Ramappa, "IntellectualPropertyRightsUnderWTO", S.Chand, 2008.
- [6] RobertP.Merges,PeterS.Menell,MarkA.Lemley,"IntellectualPropertyinNewTechnologicalAge ",AspenLaw& Business, 6 editionJuly2012.

CourseOutcomes

- CO1:Todefineresearch, methodologyandsteps involved in research.
- CO2:Tolearntodefineaproblem,andresearchhypothesis.Tounderstandtheimportanceofliteraturesurvey,ga ps and challenges.
- CO3:Tolearnthebasicconceptsofresearchdesign,sampling,modeling&simulationandunderstandthe importanceofcitation, H-index, Scopus.
- CO4:Tolearntowritetechnicalreport,paperandthesis.
- CO5:To knowabout intellectualpropertyrights, ethicsin researchand plagiarism.

25AVP501

Mastery over Mind

L T P C 1 0 2 2

Scientific benefits of Meditation (CO1)

Scientific benefits of meditation, exploring its effects on physical and mental wellbeing.

Learn about the different types of meditation practices, the essential elements of meditation, and the empirical evidence supporting its benefits.

Video resource-Swami Atmanandamrita Puri

Science Behind Meditation (CO2)

A: A preliminary understanding of the Science of meditation. What can modern science tell us about this tradition-based method?

B: How meditation helps humanity according to what we know from scientific research

Reading 1: Does Meditation Aid Brain and Mental Health (Dr Shyam Diwakar)

Reading 2: 'Science and Spirituality.' Chapter 85 in Amritam Gamaya (2022). Mata

Amritanandamayi Mission Trust.

Role of Meditation in Emotional intelligence (CO3)

Learn how meditation practices can enhance self-awareness, self-regulation, motivation, empathy, and social skills, leading to improved relationships and decision-making. Improve communication, emotional intelligence, and interpersonal skills. Logical and analytical reasoning

Practicing MA OM Meditation in Daily Life (CO4)

Guided Meditation Sessions following scripts provided (Level One to Level Five)

Reading 1: MA OM and White Flower Meditation: A Brief Note (Swami Atmananda Puri)

Reading 2: 'Live in the Present Moment.' Chapter 71 in Amritam Gamaya (2022). Mata

Amritanandamayi Mission Trust.

Meditation and Compassion-driven Action (CO5)

Understand how meditation can help to motivate compassion-driven action.

Reading 1: Schindler, S., & Friese, M. (2022). The relation of mindfulness and prosocial behavior: What do we (not) know? Current Opinion in Psychology, 44, 151-156.

Reading 2: 'Sympathy and Compassion.' Chapter 100 in Amritam Gamaya (2022). Mata Amritanandamyi Mission Trust.

Career Competency I

23HU601

L T P C 0 0 3 P/F

Soft Skills

Introduction to 'campus to corporate transition'.

Communication and listening skills: Communication process, barriers to communication, verbal and non-verbal communications, elements of effective communication, listening skills, empathetic listening, role of perception in communication.

Assertiveness skills: The concept, assertiveness and self-esteem, advantages of being assertive, assertiveness and organizational effectiveness.

Self-perception and self-confidence:Locus of control (internal v/s external), person perception, social perception, attribution theories-self presentation and impression management, the concept of self and self-confidence, how to develop self-confidence.

Goal setting: The concept, personal values and personal goals, goal setting theory, six areas of goal setting, process of goal setting: SMART goals, how to set personal goals

Time management: the value of time, setting goals/ planning and prioritizing, check the time killing habits, procrastination, tools for time management, rules for time management, strategies for effective time management

Presentation skills: The process of presentation, adult learning principles, preparation and planning, practice, delivery, effective use of voice and body language, effective use of audio visual aids, dos and don'ts of effective presentation

Public speaking: An art, language fluency, the domain expertise (Business GK, Current affairs), self-confidence, the audience, learning principles, body language, energy level and conviction, student presentations in teams of five with debriefing

Verbal

Vocabulary: Familiarize students with the etymology of words, help them realize the relevance of word analysis and enable them to answer synonym and antonym questions. Create an awareness about the frequently misspelt words, commonly confused words and wrong form of words in English.

Grammar: Train students to understand the nuances of English Grammar and thereby enable them to spot grammatical errors and punctuation errors in sentences.

Reasoning: Stress the importance of understanding the relationship between words through analogy questions and learn logical reasoning through syllogism questions. Emphasize the importance of avoiding the gap (assumption) in arguments/ statements/ communication.

Oral Communication Skills: Aid students in using the gift of the gab to improve their debating skills.

Writing Skills: Introduce formal written communication and keep the students informed about the etiquettes of email writing. Make students practise writing emails especially composing job application emails.

Aptitude

Numbers: Types, Power Cycles, Divisibility, Prime, Factors & Multiples, HCF & LCM, Surds, Indices, Square roots, Cube Roots and Simplification.

Percentage: Basics, Profit, Loss & Discount, and Simple & Compound Interest.

Ratio, Proportion & Variation: Basics, Alligations, Mixtures, and Partnership.

Averages: Basics, and Weighted Average.

Time and Work: Basics, Pipes & Cistern, and Work Equivalence.

Time, Speed and Distance: Basics, Average Speed, Relative Speed, Boats & Streams, Races and Circular tracks.

Statistics: Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Variance, Quartile Deviation and Standard Deviation.

Data Interpretation: Tables, Bar Diagrams, Line Graphs, Pie Charts, Caselets, Mixed Varieties, and other forms of data representation.

Equations: Basics, Linear, Quadratic, Equations of Higher Degree and Problems on ages.

Logarithms, Inequalities and Modulus: Basics

Textbooks / References:

Soft Skills

Communication and listening skills:

- 1. Andrew J DuRbin, "Applied Psychology: Individual and organizational effectiveness", Pearson-Merril Prentice Hall, 2004
- 2. Michael G Aamodt, "An Applied Approach, 6th edition", Wadsworth Cengage Learning, 2010 Assertiveness skills:
 - 1. Robert Bolton, Dorothy Grover Bolton, "People Style at Work..and Beyond: Making Bad Relationships Good and Good", Ridge Associates Inc., 2009
 - 2. John Hayes "Interpersonal skills at work", Routledge, 2003
 - 3. Nord, W. R., Brief, A. P., Atieh, J. M., & Doherty, E. M., "Meanings of occupational work: A collection of essays (pp. 21-64)", Lexington, MA: Lexington Books, 1990

Self-perception and self-confidence:

- 1. Mark J Martinko, "Attribution theory: an organizational perspective", St. Lucie, 1995
- 2. Miles Hewstone, "Attribution Theory: Social and Functional Extensions", Blackwell, 1983 Time management:
 - 1. Stephen Covey, "The habits of highly effective people", Free press Revised edition, 2004
 - 2. Kenneth H Blanchard , "The 25 Best Time Management Tools & Techniques: How to Get More Done Without Driving Yourself Crazy" , Peak Performance Press, 1st edition 2005
 - 3. Kenneth H. Blanchard and Spencer Johnson, "The One Minute Manager", William Morrow, 1984

Verbal

- 1. Erica Meltzer, "The Ultimate Guide to SAT Grammar"
- 2. Green, Sharon, and Ira K. Wolf, "Barron's New GRE", Barron's Educational Series, 2011
- 3. Jeff Kolby, Scott Thornburg & Kathleen Pierce, "Nova's GRE Prep Course"
- 4. Kaplan, "Kaplan New GRE Premier", 2011-2012
- 5. Kaplan's GRE Comprehensive Programme
- 6. Lewis Norman, "Word Power Made Easy", Goyal Publishers, Reprint edition, 1 June 2011
- 7. Manhattan Prep, "GRE Verbal Strategies Effective Strategies Practice from 99th Percentile Instructors"
- 8. Pearson- "A Complete Manual for CAT", 2013
- 9. R.S. Aggarwal, "A Modern Approach to Verbal Reasoning"
- 10. S. Upendran, "Know Your English", Universities Press (India) Limited, 2015
- 11. Sharon Weiner Green, Ira K. Wolf, "Barron's New GRE, 19th edition (Barron's GRE)", 2019
- 12. Wren & Martin, "English Grammar & Composition"
- 13. www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish
- 14. www.cambridgeenglish.org
- 15. www.englishforeveryone.org
- 16. www.merriam-webster.com

Aptitude

- 1. Arun Sharma, "How to Prepare for Quantitative Aptitude for the CAT Common Admission Test", Tata Mc Graw Hills, 5th Edition, 2012
- 2. Arun Sharma, "How to Prepare for Logical Reasoning for the CAT Common Admission Test", Tata Mc Graw Hills, 2nd Edition, 2014
- 3. Arun Sharma, "How to Prepare for Data Interpretation for the CAT Common Admission Test", Tata Mc Graw Hills, 3nd Edition, 2015
- 4. R.S. Aggarwal, "Quantitative Aptitude For Competitive Examinations", S. Chand Publishing, 2015
- 5. R.S. Aggarwal, "A Modern Approach To Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning", S. Chand Publishing, Revised -2015
- 6. Sarvesh Verma, "Quantitative Aptitude-Quantum CAT", Arihant Publications, 2016

- 7. www.mbatious.com
- 8. www.campusgate.co.in
- 9. www.careerbless.com

Courseoutcomes

CO1:**Soft Skills** - To develop positive mindset, communicate professionally, manage time effectively and set personal goals and achieve them.

CO2:**Soft Skills** - To make formal and informal presentations with self-confidence.

CO3:Aptitude - To analyze, understand and employ the most suitable methods to solve questions on arithmetic and algebra.

CO4:Aptitude - To analyze, understand and apply suitable techniques to solve questions on logical reasoning and data analysis.

CO5:Verbal - To infer the meaning of words and use them in the right context. To have a better understanding of the nuances of English grammar and become capable of applying themeffectively.

CO6:**Verbal** - To identify the relationship between words using reasoning skills. To understand and analyze arguments and use inductive/deductive reasoning to arrive at conclusions and communicate ideas/perspectives convincingly.

SecondSemester

25TF611 ComputationalFluidDynamicsandHeatTransfer

L T P C 3 0 3 4

Module1

Review of Conservation equations for mass, momentum and energy; Equations in rectangular, cylindrical and spherical coordinate systems; Eulerian and Lagrangian approach, Conservative and non-conservative forms of the equations, rotating co-ordinates.

ClassificationofsystemofPDEs:parabolicellipticandhyperbolic;Boundaryandinitialconditions;

Numerical Grid Generation: Basic ideas, transformation and mapping, unstructured grid generation, hybridgrids, moving grids, unmatched meshes, CGNS notation for grid and data, mesh-free calculations.

Module2

Finite Volume Method: Basic methodology, finite volume discretization, approximation of surfaceand volume integrals, interpolation methods - Central, Upwind, Hybrid, Power Law and QUICKformulationsand comparison forconvection-diffusion problem;

TVDschemes, Fluxlimiterfunctions;

AdvancedFiniteVolumemethods:FVdiscretizationintwoandthreedimensions,SIMPLEalgorithm and flow field calculations, variants of SIMPLE-SIMPLER, SIMPLEC; PISO andPIMPLEalgorithms.

Module3

Turbulence and turbulence modeling, Introduction to turbulence modeling, Reynolds stress, RANSmodel, one-, two- and multiple equations for turbulence modeling; Reynolds Stress TransportModel;LargeEddySimulation,DetachedEddySimulationandDirectNumericalSimulationmet hods;Illustrativeflowcomputations usingCFDcodes.

CFDmethodsforcompressibleandhigh-speedflows; reacting flows.

Finite element methods: Introduction to Finite Element Analysis, formulation of finite elementmethodsforheattransferinsolids,formulationoffiniteelementmethodsforfluidflows:Incompress ibleflows,Navier-Stokes equations including heattransfer.

Formulation for fluid-structure interactions: Moving mesh and adaptive mesh, acoustic fluids coupled to structures, Navier-Stokes fluids coupled to structures

Commercialsoftware-gridgeneration, flowprediction and post-

processing. Validation methods for CFD analysis.

Introduction to open source CFD packages and solution to practical problems, Introduction toturbulencemodels.

Lab Session

- Solving 1D and 2D heat diffusion problem without heat generation using finite volume techniques using Python/Matlab.
- Solving 1D and 2D heat diffusion problem with heat generation using finite volume techniques using Python/Matlab.
- Solving unsteady 1D heat diffusion problem without heat generation using finite volume techniques using Python/Matlab.
- Simulate 2D incompressible laminar flow through a rectangular channel. Determine the velocity profile at various locations and compare with the analytical parabolic profile for Poiseuille flow using Ansys Fluent/OpenFOAM.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Versteeg,H.andMalalasekra,M.,AnIntroductiontoComputationalFluidDynamics:TheFiniteVol umeMethod,2ndEd.,PrenticeHall. 2007
- [2] DaleAnderson,JohnC.Tannehill,RichardH.Pletcher,RamakanthMunipalli,VijayaShankar,Com putationalFluidMechanicsandHeatTransfer,4thEd.CRCPress,2021.
- [3] Hirsch, Analysis of Internal and external flows, Vols 1, 2. Wiley-Jnterscience, 2007
- [4] Jaluria, Y., and Torrance, K.E., Computational Heat Transfer, Taylor & Francis. 2002.
- [5] Ferziger, Joel H., Peric, Milovan, Street, Robert L, Computational Methods for Fluid Dynamics, 4th Ed. Springer. 2020.
- [6] Bathe, K.J. Finite Element Procedures. 2nd Ed. Klaus-Jurgen Bathe, MIT, 2014.

Courseoutcomes

CO1: Familiarization with conversation equations in different forms and ability to classify a system of PDEs.

CO2: Apply FVM techniques for diffusion and convection-diffusion problems.

CO3:Understandandapplydifferentpressure-velocitycouplingforincompressibleflows.

CO4:Numericalmodellingofturbulenceandabilitytochoosethemostoptimumonefora problem.

CO5: Solution of compressible fluid flows and its applications.CO6:Usageofcommercial and open sourceCFDcodes.

25TF612

IntroductiontoDeepLearning

L T P C 3 0 3 4

Module-1

Module-2

Pre-processing:NoiseRemovalusingdeeplearningalgorithms-FeatureExtraction-SignalAnalysis:Time Series Analysis, CNNs, Auto encoders.

Module-3

ImageAnalysis:TransferLearning,Attentionmodels-EnsembleMethodsforSignalandImageAnalysis.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] BishopC.M, "PatternRecognitionandMachine Learning", Springer, 1stEdition, 2006.
- [2] Goodfellow I, Bengio Y, Courville A, & Bengio Y, "Deep learning", Cambridge: MIT Press, 1stEdition, 2016.
- [3] SomanK.P,Ramanathan.R,"DigitalSignalandImageProcessing-TheSparseWay",Elsevier, 1stEdition, 2012.

CourseOutcomes

CO1:Applythefundamentals ofdeep learning.

CO2: Apply deep learning algorithms using

Matlab/Python.CO3: Applydeep learningmodels for signal

analysis.

CO4: Implementdeeplearningmodelsforimageanalysis.

Lab Session

- Build DNN, CNN, RNN, and LSTM models using **TensorFlow or PyTorch (Python)**.
- Develop GNN models using **PyTorch Geometric or TensorFlow with Spektral (Python)**.
- Perform signal preprocessing, feature extraction, and time series analysis with CNNs and Autoencoders using **TensorFlow/Keras (Python)**.
- Apply transfer learning, attention models, and ensemble methods for image and signal analysis using **TensorFlow or PyTorch (Python)**.

25TF613 AutomationandIoT

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Module-1

FundamentalsofMeasurementSystems,InstrumentTypesandPerformanceCharacteristics,sources of error, classification and elimination of error. Signal Conditioning.Data acquisition.Probes. Sensors - Pressure, Flow,Level, Temperature

Introduction to control systems – open and closed loop control systems – Modeling of simplemechanical and electrical systems – transfer functions. Time response characteristics of controlsystems, Stability analysis of control systems, Frequency Response, Introduction to PI, PD and PIDcontrollers, Design of a PIDcontroller

Module-2

Introductionto Automation - Automated manufacturing systems. Sensors and Actuators in Automation - Digital and analog sensors; Fluid power actuators; Control valves; Electrical system elements; Motors drives; Mechanical devices.

 $\label{lem:problem} P neumatic and Hydraulic Systems-Pneumatic fundamentals-control elements, position and pressure sensing - logic circuits - switching circuits - sequential circuits - cascade method. Control Using PLCs-$

Relaylogic; Combinational and sequential control, Sequential flow chart, Minimization of logic equations; Ladder logic diagrams; Programmable logic controllers (PLCs); PLC components; Programming; I/O addresses; Timer and counters; A/D conversion and sampling; PLC applications.

Module-3

Industry 4.0 &IoT: Introduction. Digitization, Drivers of Industry 4.0, End-to-end digital integration within a smart factory, IOT Swarm Sensors, RF and wireless sensors module, power management module; Challenges.

Internet of Things (IoT): Introduction, Physical system, Cyber-Physical Systems, IoT Architectures. Applications: Smart cities & smart homes, connected vehicles, IoT for temperature

dependent cooling system, engine management system, machine condition monitoring and health caremonitoring.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Doebelin's E.O., and Manik D.N., "Doebelin's Measurement Systems", 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2011
- [2] Katsuhiko Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, NewDelhi,2010
- [3] AntonyEspossito, "FluidpowerwithApplications", Pearson, SixthEdition., 2003.
- [4] Raj, Pethuru, and Anupama C. Raman. The Internet of things: Enabling technologies, platforms, and usecases. Auerbach Publications, 2017.
- [5] MikellP.Groover, "Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- [6] Frank D. Petruzella, *Programming Logic Controllers*, 5th Edition, 2017, McGraw Hill Book Company.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Selectandusevariousmeasuringinstruments for apractical application

CO2: Design controllers based on stability and performance requirements

CO3: Designpneumaticandhydrauliccircuits

CO4: ProgramPLCforagivenapplication

CO5 ApplyIOTtodifferentapplications

25TF699 ProjectSeminar

L T P C 0 0 3 1

This seminar forms the pre-runner to the final year project in which students are expected to do athorough literature survey and formulate a research problem on the broad topic given by the faculty. Students shall extensively study the research already carried out on the seminar topic. They shallbring out the current status of the problem, clearly indicating the shortcomings and gaps in their extensive to the problem, clearly indicating the shortcomings and gaps in their extensive to the problem.

Evaluation

Students shall prepare a properly formatted seminar report giving allof the above details. They need to present the work carried out at the end of the semester. Creditswill be awarded based on the vivavoce during the presentation and the content and organization ofthereport.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Identifyappropriatejournals/conferencesrelatedtoatopicofresearchinterestand conductliteraturereview

CO2: Developawarenessof therecenttrends inthetopicofinvestigation

CO3: Writetechnicalreportsinprescribed formats

CO4: Identifyresearchgapsandformulatevalidresearchproblemworthyofpublishingin reputedjournals

25TF682 AdvancedThermal&FluidsEng.Lab

L T P C 1 0 3 2

Dynamicsimilarityandscaling; Typesofmeasurementdevices & techniques; Errors in Measurement and its Analysis: Causes and types of experimental errors, systematic and randomerrors; Uncertaintyanalysis, computation of overall uncertainty, calibration.

Experiments in Wind Tunnel: Surface pressure distribution on circular cylinder, symmetric and cambered aero-foils-estimation lift and drag, smoke flow visualization. Laminar turbulent transition for various geometries.

Experiments in Water Channel: Visualization of flow overstreamline and bluff bodies vortex shedding from bluff bodies (like circular cylinder)-study of vortex streets.

2-D laminar flow over bluff bodies (Hele-Shaw flow)-construction of flow net (velocity potentiallinesandstreamlines). Numerical visualization of flow overbluff bodies using Ansys/Algor Softw are-comparison of numerical flow patterns with experimental ones.

Performance characteristics of Centrifugal compressor and axial flow fan.

FreeConvectionHeatTransfer-ForcedConvectionHeatTransfer-MeasuringinstrumentsforR&A/Capplications-measurementofverylowtemperature-Measurementofdensityandviscosityofoils-measurement ofgas flow rate through pipelines.

Steadystate and transient convective heat transfer.

Radiation Heat Transfer - Boiling Heat Transfer-Performance evaluation of vapour compressionrefrigeration-performance evaluation of thermoelectric refrigerator andheat pump-Measurementand analysis of combustion parameters in I.C. Engines-Evaluation of the calorific value of gaseousandliquid fuels.

Experiments in supersonic jet: static pressure distribution in the nozzle wall, estimation of Machnumber.

Experimentsinpneumaticandhydraulicsystems

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Goldstein, R.J., Fluid Mechanics Measurement, 2nd Ed., CRC Press. 2017.
- [2] Doeblin, E.O., Measurements System Application and Design, 5th Ed., McGraw Hill, 2004
- [3] MarangoniRDandLienhardJH,MechanicalMeasurementsbyBeckwithTG,6thEd., PrenticeHall.2006
- [4] Eckert, R.G. and Goldstein, R.J., Measurements in Heat Transfer, 2nd Ed., Springer. 1986.
- [5] Barlow JewelB., RaeWilliamH., PopeAlan, Lowspeedwindtunnel testing, 3e, Wiley, 1999.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Developphysicalinsightintotheadvancedconceptsinfluidsandthermalengineering.

CO2: Designexperimentstoestimatephysicalvariablesinvolvedinfluidflowandheattransfer.

CO3: Conductresearchstudies influidflowandheattransfer.

CO4: To have practical exposure to flow visualization techniques.

23HU611

Career Competency II

L T P C 0 0 3 1

Soft Skills

Interpersonal skill: Ability to manage conflict, flexibility, empathetic listening, assertiveness, stress management, problem solving, understanding one's own interpersonal needs, role of effective team work in organizations

Group problem solving: The process, the challenges, the skills and knowledge required for the same.

Conflict management: The concept, its impact and importance in personal and professional lives, (activity to identify personal style of conflict management, developing insights that helps in future conflict management situations.)

Team building and working effectively in teams: The concept of groups (teams), different stages of group formation, process of team building, group dynamics, characteristics of effective team, role of leadership in team effectiveness. (Exercise to demonstrate the process of emergence of leadership in a group, debrief and reflection), group discussions.

Interview skills: what is the purpose of a job interview, types of job interviews, how to prepare for an interview, dos and don'ts of interview, One on one mock interview sessions with each student.

Verbal

Vocabulary: Help students understand the usage of words in different contexts. Stress the importance of using refined language through idioms and phrasal verbs.

Grammar: Enable students to identify poorly constructed sentences or incorrect sentences and improvise or correct them.

Reasoning: Facilitate the student to tap her/his reasoning skills through critical reasoning questions and logical ordering of sentences.

Reading Comprehension: Enlighten students on the different strategies involved in tackling reading comprehension questions.

Public Speaking Skills: Empower students to overcome glossophobia and speak effectively and confidently before an audience.

Writing Skills: Practice closet tests that assess basic knowledge and skills in usage and mechanics of writing such as punctuation, basic grammar and usage, sentence structure and rhetorical skills such as writing strategy, organization, and style.

Aptitude

Sequence and Series: Basics, AP, GP, HP, and Special Series.

Geometry: 2D, 3D, Coordinate Geometry, and Heights & Distance.

Permutations & Combinations: Basics, Fundamental Counting Principle, Circular Arrangements, and Derangements.

Probability: Basics, Addition & Multiplication Theorems, Conditional Probability and Bayes' Theorem.

Logical Reasoning I: Arrangements, Sequencing, Scheduling, Venn Diagram, Network Diagrams, Binary Logic, and Logical Connectives, Clocks, Calendars, Cubes, Non-Verbal reasoning and Symbol based reasoning.

Logical Reasoning II: Blood Relations, Direction Test, Syllogisms, Series, Odd man out, Coding & Decoding, Cryptarithmetic Problems and Input - Output Reasoning.

Data Sufficiency: Introduction, 5 Options Data Sufficiency and 4 Options Data Sufficiency.

Campus recruitment papers: Discussion of previous year question papers of all major recruiters of Amrita Vishwa Vidyapeetham.

Miscellaneous: Interview Puzzles, Calculation Techniques and Time Management Strategies.

Textbooks / References:

Soft Skills

- 1. Thomas L.Quick, "Successful team building", AMACOM Div American Mgmt Assn, 1992
- 2. Brian Cole Miller, "Quick Team-Building Activities for Busy Managers: 50 Exercises That Get Results in Just 15 Minutes", AMACOM; 1 edition, 2003.
- 3. Patrick Lencioni, "The Five Dysfunctions of a Team: A Leadership Fable", Jossey-Bass, 1st Edition, 2002.

Verbal

- 1. "GMAT Official Guide" by the Graduate Management Admission Council, 2019
- 2. Arun Sharma, "How to Prepare for Verbal Ability And Reading Comprehension For CAT"
- 3. Joern Meissner, "Turbocharge Your GMAT Sentence Correction Study Guide", 2012
- 4. Kaplan, "Kaplan GMAT 2012 & 13"
- 5. Kaplan, "New GMAT Premier", Kaplan Publishing, U.K., 2013
- 6. Manhattan Prep, "Critical Reasoning 6th Edition GMAT"
- 7. Manhattan Prep, "Sentence Correction 6th Edition GMAT"
- 8. Mike Barrett "SAT Prep Black Book The Most Effective SAT Strategies Ever Published"
- 9. Mike Bryon, "Verbal Reasoning Test Workbook Unbeatable Practice for Verbal Ability, English Usage and Interpretation and Judgement Tests"
- 10. www.bristol.ac.uk/arts/skills/grammar/grammar_tutorial/page_55.htm
- 11. www.campusgate.co.in

Aptitude

- 1. Arun Sharma, "How to Prepare for Quantitative Aptitude for the CAT Common Admission Test", Tata Mc Graw Hills, 5th Edition, 2012
- 2. Arun Sharma, "How to Prepare for Logical Reasoning for the CAT Common Admission Test", Tata Mc Graw Hills, 2nd Edition, 2014
- 3. Arun Sharma, "How to Prepare for Data Interpretation for the CAT Common Admission Test", Tata Mc Graw Hills, 3nd Edition, 2015
- 4. R.S. Aggarwal, "Quantitative Aptitude For Competitive Examinations", S. Chand Publishing , 2015
- 5. R.S. Aggarwal, "A Modern Approach To Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning", S. Chand Publishing, Revised -2015
- 6. Sarvesh Verma, "Quantitative Aptitude-Quantum CAT", Arihant Publications, 2016
- 7. www.mbatious.com
- 8. www.campusgate.co.in
- 9. www.careerbless.com

Course Outcomes:

CO1:**Soft Skills** - To demonstrate good interpersonal skills, solve problems and effectively participate in group discussions.

CO2:**Soft Skills -** To write technical resume and perform effectively in interviews.

CO3:Aptitude - To identify, investigate and arrive at appropriate strategies to solve questions on arithmetic by managing time effectively.

CO4:Aptitude - To investigate, understand and use appropriate techniques to solve questions on logical

reasoning and data analysis by managing time effectively.

CO5:**Verbal** - To be able to use diction that is more refined and appropriate and to be competent in knowledge of grammar to correct/improve sentences.

CO6:Verbal - To be able to examine, interpret and investigate passages and to be able to generate ideas, structure them logically and express them in a style that is comprehensible to the audience/recipient.

25TF698

Industry Internship

L T P C 0 0 2 1

Students shall visit industrial units connected with their curriculum and conduct a detailed study onthermo-fluid systems pertinent to the industry visited and present reports. They are encouraged tosolveapractical problemrelated to theindustry. At the end of the training student should submit a report and certificate of completion to the department in the prescribed format.

Evaluation

This course is mandatory. The student shall make a report. The committee constituted by the department will assess the student based on the report submitted

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Familiarize with the industry environment/Research Laboratory

CO2: Understand the application of theoretical concepts in a practical setting.
CO3: Prepare technical documents/presentations related to the work completed

ThirdSemester

25TF798

Dissertation-StageI

L T P C 0 0 22 11

Dissertation (stage-1) should be based on the area in whichthe candidate has undertaken the dissertation work as perthe common instructions for all branches of M.Tech. The examinations hall consist of the preparation of report consisting of a detailed problem statement, literature review and initial results of the problem. The work has to be presented in front of the examiners consisting of Head of the Department and PG coordinator/Faculty Advisor and other invited faculty members (if any). The candidate has to be in regular contact with his guide and the topic of dissertation must be mutually decided by the guide and student.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Identifyappropriate methodologyto solve aresearch problem

CO2: Execute their research investigation adopting the chosen methodology and obtain re-

sults

CO3: Writeatechnical reportinaprescribedformat.

FourthSemester

Dissertation-StageII

L T P C 0 0 30 15

Dissertation(Stage-2)willstartinsemesterIVwhichisexpectedtobeacontinuationofDissertation-1. In this phase of the project, students are expected to do the remaining part of theirworksdoneinstage-1. Toparticularly note, this phase of the project involves detailed data acquisition and subsequent analysis of the research problem. The dissertation should be presented instandard format as provided by the department/guide. The candidate has to prepare a

detailed project report consisting of introduction of the problem, problem statement, literature review, object ives of the work, details of methodology adopted (experimental/numerical/analytical) and results and discussion. The report must bring out the conclusions of the work and future scope for study. The work has to be presented before the panel of examiners consisting of an approved external examiner, internal examiner/guide as decided by the department head and PG coordinator / faculty advisor. The candidate has to be in regular contact with his/her guide throughout the project duration. All the students are expected to publish their works in reputed journals/conferences (Scopus-indexed).

CourseOutcomes

25TF799

CO1: Carry out detailed analysis of research data acquired through experimental/numerical/analyticalmethodologiesinthecontextoftheexisting literatureand drawvalidconclusionsthereof.

CO2: Writetheprojectreportsystematicallyinaprescribedformat.

CO3: Writeresearcharticlesworthyofpublishinginreputedjournals/conferences(SCI-indexed/Scopus-indexed)

ELECTIVES(I&II)

FluidStream

Module-1

Basics equations of Fluid Mechanics, Potential flows, Stream function, Velocity potential, Two-dimensional incompressible flows: Laplace's equation, its solutions, Elementary potential flows, Superposition principle, the combination of elementary potential flows, conformal mapping. Imple mentation of conformal mapping text book problems with the help of python/Matlab programming.

Module-2

Boundarylayer:LaminarandTurbulentboundarylayers:characteristicsandfactorscausingseparation, Effect of boundary layer separation on flow over airfoils. Introduction to bluff bodyaerodynamics: flow over circular cylinders, effect of Reynolds number and geometry, dynamiceffects. vortex shedding: modes and mechanisms, Strouhal number, aerodynamic coefficients, spanwisecorrelation.Implementingtheconceptsinreal-lifeaerodynamicproblemsusingCFDsimulationsor experimental techniques.

Module-3

Flowsoveraerofoils:Conformaltransformation,thinairfoiltheory,forcesonairfoils,Kuttacondition,Gene rationofcirculation,LiftofZhukhovskyairfoil.Introductiontofinitewings:Prandtl's lifting line theory. Propulsion of fishes and flight of birds. Experimental aerodynamics:flowvisualizationtechniques—PIV,LDV,HydrogenBubbleVisualization,othertechniques.Measurements—PIV,Hotwireanemometer,Cobraprobe,Pressuretransducers,forcebalances.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] AndersonJ.D.FundamentalsofAerodynamics,McGraw-Hill,2017.
- [2] McCormickB.K.Aerodynamics, Aeronautics and Flight Mechanics, John Wiley and Son Inc., 1994.
- [3] Zdravkovich, M.M., 1997. Flow Around Circular Cylinders, Vol. 1: Fundamentals. Oxford University Press, Oxford, England.
- [4] Zdravkovich, M.M., 2003. Flow Around Circular Cylinders, Vol. 2: Applications. Oxford University Press, Oxford, England.
- [5] Schlichting, H. and Gersten, K., Boundary Layer Theory, Springer-Verlag, 2004.
- [6] FluidMechanicsMeasurements,RichardJ.Glodstien.,2ndEdition(2017),TaylorandFrancis.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Developmento finsight into the fundamental concepts and write the equations governing the fluid flow.

CO2: Gaining conceptual understanding of Streamfunction, velocity potential solutions to Laplace's equation and to know the conditions under which potential flow theory hold.

CO3:Skilltousesuperpositiontobuildsimplepotentialflows and to understand the concept of conformal mapping and its applications.

CO4: Acquiringknowledgeonaerofoilnomenclature&characteristicsandthePrandtl'sliftinglinetheoryand to do practicalproblems based on this theory.

CO5:BecomeKnowledgeableofbluffbodyaerodynamics:flowseparation,unsteadywakecharacteristics,ex perimental and numerical methods to investigate bluffbodyproblems.

25TF632

Bio-fluidmechanics

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Module-1

Review of Concepts in Fluid Mechanics, Kinematics, Hydrostatics, Conservation relations, ViscousFlow, UnsteadyFlow; Review of Concepts in Solid Mechanics.

Heart: Anatomy, Cardiac cycle, circulatory systems, pressure, flow chamber volume and work, Cardiac Muscle, Heart Sounds, Coronary

Circulation, Cardiac Conduction, ECG and Wiggers diagram.

Hemodynamics: Hematology and Blood Rheology, Composition of Blood, Viscosity of Blood, Constitutive equations, Power Law Model, Herschel-Bulkley Model, Casson Model, Fahraeus and Fahraeus—Lindqvist Effects, Effective viscosity.

Arterial system: Structure of Arteries, Venous System Physiology, Venous Pump, Mechanics of Arterial Walls, Compliance.

Module-2

MacrocirculationSystem:SystemicandPulmonarycirculations, Arteries, Veins, VascularBifurcations and Branches, Blood Flow through Curved Vessels. Steady Blood Flow, Applicationsof Bernoulli equation, Arterial Stenosis, Arterial Aneurysm, Cerebral Aneurysm, Cardiac ValveStenosis, Applications of Poiseuilli's Law, Gorlin equation, Fluid friction, Rigid Tube Flow Models, Entrance Length, Transition Reynolds number, Casson model steady blood flow. Unsteady bloodflow, Windkessel model, Continuum Models for Pulsatile Flow Dynamics, Wave Propagation in theArterial System; Pulsatile Flow in Rigid Tubes: Wormersley Solution, Fry Solution; HemodynamicTheories of Atherogenesis, Flow through Curved Arteries, Bifurcations, Stenoses and Aneurysms; Effect of Viscoelasticity of Tube Material; Flow in Collapsible Tubes, Turbulence, Instability

inPulsatileFlow.MicrocirculationSystem:Bloodflowinsmallvessels,Arterioles,Capillaries,interstitialf luidflow;Venules,MassTransportinTissue,Kroghmodelofoxygendiffusion,Porosity, Tortuosity and Permeability, Governing Equations in Porous Media, Fluid Transport inPoroelasticMedia,BioheatTransfer.

Module-3

BiofluidDynamicsinHumanOrgans:LungandRespiratorySystem,Kidney,Liver,Brain,IntraocularSystem, EndocrineSystem Biofluids.

Native Heart Valves: A orticand Pulmonary Valves, Mitral and Tricuspid Valves.

Biofluid Flow in Artificial, Assistive and Implantable Devices, Lumped Parameter MathematicalModels.ComputationalFluidDynamicAnalysisoftheHumanCirculation:ModellingCons iderations for Biofluid Mechanical Simulations, Generation of grid from scanned images, CFDSimulations in the Human Circulation, Multiscale Modelling. Fluid Structure Interaction Modelling,FutureDirections ofBiofluid Mechanics.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] KrishnanB.Chandran, Stanley E.Rittgers, Ajit P. Yoganathan, Biofluid Mechanics: The Human Circulation, 2e, CRC Press, 2012.
- [2] NihatOzkaya,MargaretaNordin,"FundamentalsofBiomechanics:Equilibrium,Motion,andDefor mation",Springer,3rdEdition,Verlag,2012.
- [3] DavidARubenstein, WeiYinandMaryDFrame, BiofluidMechanics, AcademicPress(Elsevier), 2013
- [4] C.RossEthierandCraiggA.Simmons,IntroductoryBiomechanics,CambridgetextsinBiomedicalE ngineering,2007.
- [5] C.Kleinstreuer,BiofluidDynamics:PrinciplesandApplications,CRCPress,Taylor&FrancisGroup, 2006.
- [6] Y Cengel and J Cimbala, Fluid Mechanics: Fundamentals and Applications, 4e, McGraw-Hill, 2018.

CourseOutcomes

- CO1:Fluid and solid mechanics that are pertinent to blood flow in the heart and blood vessels.CO2:Hematology,BloodRheologyandmodelsforViscosityofBlood,StructureofArteriesand Veins.
- CO3: Microcirculation System, interstitial fluid flow, mass and heattransport biofluid Dynamics in Human Organs,
- CO4: Analysis of blood flow in Native Heart Valves and Implantable Devices
- CO5: Computational Fluid Dynamic Analysis of the Human Circulation Fluid Structure Interaction Modelling

25TF633

BoundaryLayerTheory

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Module-1

Introduction: Ideal and real fluids, Boundary-Layer concept, Laminar boundary layer, turbulentboundary layer, Separation of boundary layer, Navier- Stokes equations, Laminar Boundary

LayerEquation:Twodimensionalequations, displacementandmomentum thickness, general properties of the boundary layer equations, wall friction, dragand lift.

Module-2

Boundary layer on an airfoil. Boundary layer control, Continuous suction and blowing. Solution ofthe boundary layer equation (Plane flows): Similarity Solutions, Boundary layer with and withoutouter flow, moving plate, Wedge flow, Free jet, Flows in straight channel. Approximate Methods, Momentum-Integralmethods. Numerical integration of boundary layer equations.

Module-3

Turbulent Boundary Layer: Mean motion and fluctuations, Equations for turbulent flows, Prandtl'smixing layer Karman's hypothesis. Thermal Boundary Layers: Effect of Prandtl Number, Similarsolution of thermal boundary layer, Integral method for computing heat transfer, Coupling of thevelocity field to the temperature field. Boundary layer in non-Newtonian flows, Boundary layer inMagnetohydrodynamics.

Separation in adverse pressure gradients. Concept of and occurrence in steady flows, and at rearstagnationpointofimpulsivelystartedcylinder. Formofskinfrictionnearseparationpoint: Goldsteinsi ngularity.

Introductiontointeractiveboundarylayers. Goldsteinnearwake. Trailing-edgetripledeck.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Schlichting, H. and Gersten, K., Boundary Layer Theory, Springer-Verlag, 2004
- [2] White, F.M., Viscous Flow, 3rd Ed., McGraw Hill. 2005
- [3] O.A.OleinikandV.M.Samokhin,MathematicalModelsinBoundaryLayerTheory,CRCPress,199
- [4] Cebeci, T. and Cousteix, J., Modeling and Computation of Boundary-Layer Flows, 2nd Ed., Springer-Verlag. 2005
- [5] Rozenhead, L., Laminar Boundary Layers, Dover Publications, 1988
- [6] Kays, W.M., Crawford, M.E., and Weigand, B., Convective Heat and Mass Transfer, 4th Ed., McGraw Hill. 2004

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Understand the concept of hydrodynamic boundary layer and derive the boundary layer equations.

CO2:Identifytheeffectivemethodforboundarylayercontrolandapplytheappropriatemethodforoptimize d design.

CO3:Understandthe concept ofthermalboundarylayer and its control.

FluidStructureInteraction

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Module-1

Introduction to bluff body flows: factors influencing bluff body flows – boundary layer – flow separation – wake formation-vortex shedding. Flow over stationary isolated circular cylinder: classification of flow regimes based on Re – Laminar states of flow – steady laminar wake- periodic laminarregime, Turbulent states of flow: Transition in wake (TrW) – Transition in shear layers (TrSL) –Transition in boundary layers (TrBL) – Fully Turbulent flow state (T). Vortex shedding: Strouhalnumber-mechanism-span wise correlation – vortex street formation- mathematical models. Inducedforces (lift and drag): effect of Re- flow incidence angle-body surface texture- blockage-free streamturbulence.

 $Flow over non-circular cylinders-Influence of geometry and Re-flow separation-wake structures \\ -vor tex shedding and induced forces. FSI in biological systems: blood flow through arteries and veins diagnosis of diseases.$

Module-2

Flow interference between two circular cylinders – tandem, side-by-side and staggered arrangements - classification of interference regimes – effect of spacing - flow patterns and surface pressure distribution - biased gap flow - induced forces (lift & drag. Flow over cylinder clusters (multiplecylinders).

Flow interference between non-circular cylinders - influence of Re - body geometry – spacing – differencesandsimilarities with circular cylinders.

Module-3

Flow-induced vibrations (FIV): Influencing factors — body geometry-reduced velocity - free streamturbulence — flow incidence — mass ratio — damping — added mass. Vortex-induced vibration-galloping-flutter-fluid elastic excitation-turbulence buffeting-other types. Flow structures aroundoscillating cylinders-induced forces and cylinder response-equations of motion-modal analysis, In-terferenceeffects in FIV.

Some practical problems: Tube bundle vibrations in heat exchangers and nuclear reactors- Vibrations of stacks and other tall structures, transmission line vibrations. Passive and active control of FIV. Energy extraction from FIV. FIV in Engineering Codes. Experimental measurements, flowvisualization techniques

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

[1] RobertD.Blevins,Flow-InducedVibration,2ndEdition,VanNostrandReinhold,NewYork,USA, 1990.

- [2] E.Naudascher, and D.Rockwell, Flow-Induced Vibrations: An Engineering Guide, Doverpublishers, USA, 2005.
- [3] M.M.Zdravkovich, Flowaroundcircularcylinders, Vol. 1: Fundamentals, OxfordUniversityPress, Oxford, England. 1997.
- [4] M.M.Zdravkovich, Flowaroundcircularcylinders, Vol. 2: Applications, OxfordUniversityPress, Oxford, England. 1997.
- [5] Thomson, W. Tand Dahleh, M.D., Theory of vibrations with Applications, Prentice Hall, 1997.
- [6] Rao, S.S., Mechanical Vibrations, Pearson Education, 2004.

CourseOutcomes

- CO1: Developfundamental knowledgein FSI
- CO2: Developmentofcapabilitytoanalysefluidflowsofdifferenttypesassociatedwithdifferente ngineeringsituations involvingFSI
- CO3: Developskillto proposesolutions toFSIproblemsandcaterto industrialneeds
- CO4: AcademiccapabilitytoconductresearchactivitiesintheareaofFSI.

Module-1

Origin, examples and character of turbulence, Reynolds stress, energy relations, closure problem, phenomenology, eddy viscosity. Statistics, Spectra, space-time correlations, macro µ scales, statistical theory of turbulence, locally isotropic turbulence, Kolmogorov's hypothesis, correlationmethod, spectral method, turbulence diffusion.

Module-2

Numerical Turbulence modelling: Reynolds averaging technique, Reynolds stress, RANS model, one-, two- and multiple equations for turbulence modelling, Spalart-Allmaras model, kepsilonmodels, k-omega models, SST k-omega models and RSM. Introduction to Large eddy simulation(LES) and Direct Numerical Simulation (DNS) method. Implementation and verification of the different turbulent models in real-life turbulent flowproblems using CFD software.

Module-3

Experimental techniques: Hot Wire Anemometer, Laser Doppler Anemometer, Flow visualizationtechniques, laminar-turbulent transition. Relaminarization.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] TennekesH.andLumleyJ.L.,AfirstcourseinTurbulence,MITPress,USA,1972.
- [2] Stephen.B.Pope, Turbulent Flows, Cambridge University Press, UK, 2000.

- [3] DavidsonP.A., Turbulence: Anintroduction for Scientists and Engineers, Oxford University Press In c, New York, 2004.
- [4] BatchelorG.K., The Theoryofhomogeneous turbulence, Cambridge University Press, UK, 1993.
- [5] Schlichting, H., and Gersten, K., 2000, Boundary Layer Theory, Springer.
- [6] Wilcox, D.C., 2010, Turbulence Modelling for CFD, DCW Industries, California, USA.

CourseOutcomes

- CO1: Tounderstandtheconceptandoriginofturbulenceandthefundamentalcharacteris-ticsof turbulent flows
- $CO2: \quad The study the concept of closure problem, energy spectra, eddy viscosity, Reynolds stressetc.$
- CO3: Tounderstandtheconceptofstatisticalturbulence, Kolmogorov's hypothesis, spacetimecorrelation methods, spectral methods etc.
- CO4: To understand concept time, space and ensemble averaging, Numerical Turbulencemodelling, one-, two- and multiple equations for turbulence modelling, RSM, LESandDNS methods
- CO5: To studyexperimentalmeasurement of turbulence such ashotwirean emometer, laser Doppler an emometer etc.

ThermalStreamElectives

25TF641	ComputationalmethodsforMicroandNano		T	P	C
	ScaleThermal Systems	3	0	0	3

Module-1

Introduction:Computationalsimulation,needfordiscretecomputation.

Classical Mechanics: Mechanics of Particles, D'Alembert's principle and Lagrange's equation, variational principles, Hamilton's principle, conservation theorems and symmetry properties, central force problems, virial theorem.

Module-2

Statistical Mechanics: Review of probability and statistics, quantum states of a system, equations of state, canonical and microcanonical ensemble, partition function, energy levels for molecules, equipartition theorem, minimizing the free energy, partition function for identical particles, Maxwell distribution of molecular speeds.

Module-3

Moleculardynamics:basicmachinery,running,measuring,andanalyzing,interatomicpotentials,LAMMPS, Examples.

Introduction

to Multiscale methods and applications. Introduction to Datadriven modeling and scientific computation.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Bird,G.A.,MolecularGasDynamicsandtheDirectSimulationofGasFlows,OxfordSciencePublica tions, 1994.
- [2] Goldstein, H., Poole, C., and Safko, J., Classical Mechanics, 3rd Edn., Pearson Education, 2006.
- [3] Bowley, R., and Sanches, M., Introductory Statistical Mechanics, 2nd Edn., Oxford Science Publications, 2007.
- [4] Ercolessi,F.,A MolecularDynamicsPrimer,NotesofSpringCollegeinComputationalPhysics,ICTP,Trieste,June 1997.
- [5] Liu, Wing Kam, Karpov, E.G., and Park, H.S., Nanomechanics and Materials, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- [6] Robert, K., Ian, H., Mark, G., Nanoscale Science and Technology, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- [7] Groot, R.D., and Warren, P.B., Dissipative particle dynamics: Bridging the Gapbetween Atomistican d Mesoscopic Simulation, J. Chem. Phys, 107, 4423 (1997).

CourseOutcomes

CO1:Togainknowledgeonfundamentaltopicslikeclassicalmechanicsandstatisticalmechanics.CO2:H aveexposureabout atomisticsimulationtechniques and its applications.

CO3: Develop molecular dynamics simulations for a given application using

LAMMPSCO4: Have exposure about multiscale simulation methods.

CO5:Applydatadrivensciencetechniquesforanalysisanddesign.

25TF642	Cryogonies	L	T	P	C
2311042	Cryogenics	3	0	0	3

Module-1

Introduction to Cryogenic Systems: Historical development, Applications of Cryogenics (Space,Food Processing, Superconductivity, Electrical Power, Biology, Medicine, Electronics and CuttingToolIndustry).

Low Temperature Properties: Properties of Engineering Materials (Mechanical properties, Thermalproperties, Electric and Magnetic properties), Properties of Cryogenic fluids.

Module-2

Introduction to Liquefaction Systems: Ideal system, Liquefaction systems for Neon, Hydrogen and Helium. Critical components of liquefaction systems, Joule Thomson expansion, Adiabatic expansion, Linde Hampson Cycle, Claude & Cascaded System. Introduction to Cryogenic Refrigeration Systems: Magnetic Cooling, Stirling Cycle, Cryo Coolers.

Module-3

CryogenicFluidStorageandTransferSystems:Cryogenicstoragevesselsandtransportation.Thermal insulation and their performance at cryogenic temperatures, Super insulations, Vacuuminsulation, Powder insulation. Thermal stratification, Cryogenic fluid transfer systems. Cryogenicengine injectors (subcritical & super critical) Cryogenic Instrumentation: Pressure, flow-rate, liquid-level and temperature measurements. Types of Heat Exchangers used in cryogenic systems. CryoPumpingApplications.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Willaim.E.Bryson, Cryogenics, Hanser Gardner Publications, 1999.
- [2] JhaA.R., Cryogenic Technology and Applications, Elsevier Butterworth-Heinemann, USA, 2006.
- [3] Thomas.M.Flynn, Cryogenic Engineering, Marcel Dekker Inc., 2005.
- [4] Randell.F.Barron, Cryogenic Systems, Oxford University Press, New York, 1985.
- [5] Stoecker W.F. and Jones J.W., Refrigeration and Air Conditioning, 2nd Ed., McGraw-Hill International Editions, 1982.
- [6] Klaus D. Timmerhaus and Thomas M. Flynn, Cryogenic Process Engineering, Plenum Press, New York, 1989.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Understand properties of material at cryogenic

temperatures.CO2:Knowabout various liquefaction systems

CO3:Getideasoncryogenicrefrigerationsystems, cryogenicinstrumentation and cryogenicheatex changers

Introduction: Classification of heatexchangers, design of heatexchangers: engineering design-steps for designing, design a workable system, optimum systems, economics, probabilistic approach odesign, sizing and rating problems; LMTD and ε-NTU approach of design. Introduction to designcodes(ASME, TEMA, HTRIetc)

Design of double pipe heatexchangers: introduction, basic design procedure and theory, overallheat transfer coefficient, fouling factors, fins, weighted fin efficiency, pressure drop analysis, designproblems.Introduction tothreefluid/multifluid heat exchangerbehaviour.

Design of shell and tube heat exchangers – basic design procedure and theory, shell and tube exchangers: construction details, general design considerations: fluid allocation, shell and tube fluid velocities, tube-side and shell side heat-transfer coefficient and pressure drop, Kern's method, design problems.

Module-2

Design of Condenser; Heat-transfer fundamentals, Condensation of steam, Condensation inside and outside horizontal tubes, Condensation inside and outside vertical tubes, De-superheating and sub-cooling, Pressuredropin condensers, design problems.

Design of Compact heat exchanger: introduction, design procedure of compact heat exchanger, pressure drop analysis of plate fin heat exchanger, problems. Plate heat exchanger: Gasketed plateheat exchangers, Welded plate, advantages and disadvantages over the other heat exchangers, de-sign procedure, heat transfer coefficient and pressure drop calculation on both the sides of exchange-er, problems on plateexchanger.

Module-3

Thermal design of heat exchanger such as Regenerative heat exchanger, Super heater, Air preheaters, analysis and design of coolingtowers.

Heat pipe: introduction, working principle, working fluids, wick structure and material, classification of heat pipe, pressure variation along the heat pipe, limitations of a heat pipe, problems on heatpipe.

- [1] Serth.R.W, ProcessHeatTransfer-PrinciplesandApplications,Elsevier,2007.
- [2] KernD,Q,ProcessHeatTransfer,McGraw-Hill,1965.
- [3] ShahRKandSekulicDP,FundamentalsofHeatExchangerDesign,JohnWileyandSons,2002.
- [4] Coulson&Richardson'sseries,SinnottR.K.,ChemicalEngineeringDesign,Elsevier,2005
- [5] KaysWMand LondonAL, CompactHeatExchanger, KriegerPublishingCompany, 1998

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Background, Application, Classification and Common terminologies of Heat

exchangersCO2:Design of Tubular Heat Exchangers

CO3: Design of Regenerative and Compact Heat

exchangersCO4:Design concepts ofHeat Pipes.

25TF644 HVACandRefrigeration

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Module-1

History of refrigeration, Refrigeration cycles: vapour compression cycle and vapour absorptionsystems. Thermodynamicanalysis of cycles. System components: Refrigerant Compressors-Reciprocating, Hermetic, Rotary, Centrifugal Scroll Compressors - Comparison, Construction and Operation characteristics. Evaporators- DX coil, flooded type Chillers, Condensing Units and Cooling Towers.

Module-2

Refrigerants:Desirableproperties,Classification,Designation,AlternateRefrigerants,GlobalWarming Potential & Ozone Depleting Potential aspects. Expansion devices: Automatic ExpansionValves, Capillary Tube & Thermostatic Expansion Valves. Cycling controls and system balancing:Pressure and Temperature controls, Range and Differential settings. Selection and balancing of systemcomponents -Graphical method.

Module-3

Psychrometry: Moist air behaviour - Psychometric chart - Different Psychometric process and theiranalysis. Air conditioning: Summer and Winter Air conditioning - Cooling Load Calculations - AirDistribution Patterns - Dynamic and Frictional Losses in Air Ducts - Equal Friction Method - FanCharacteristicsin Duct Systems.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] RameshChandraArora.RefrigerationandAirConditioning,Prentice HallIndia,2015.
- [2] Stocker W.F. and Jones J. W. Refrigeration & Air Conditioning McGraw Hill, 1985.
- [3] DossatR.J.PrinciplesofRefrigeration, JohnWiley, 1989.
- [4] Goshnay W.B. Principles and Refrigeration, Cambridge University Press, 1982.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Identifythesuitabilityof refrigeration systems

CO2:Selectrefrigerantsandcomponentslikeevaporator,compressor,condenser,expansiondevic-esetc.

based on operational characteristics

CO3:Designofrefrigerationandair-

conditioningsystemsusingfundamentalsofheatandmasstransferprinciples

CO4: Evaluate the performance of an air-conditioning

systemCO5:Estimatecooling/heatingload forgivenapplication

25TF645 ICEngineSystems, Combustion and Emissions

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Module-1

Constructional features of different types of internal combustion engines, SI Engine introduction, carburetion mixture requirements, Fuel supply. Thermo-chemistry and thermodynamics of combus-tion, Laminar and turbulent premixed flames, Premixed engine combustion, Ignition, Stages of combustion, Normalandabnormal combustion, factors affecting knock, Combustion chambers.

Module-2

CI engine, Injection Systems, Spray formation and atomization, Combustion systems and management, Mechanical and electronic-Combustion in CI engines-stages of combustion-Factors affectingcombustion, Direct and indirect injection systems. Introduction to Turbo charging and supercharg-ing. Basic concepts of engine simulation, governing equations, simulation of various engine pro-cesses for SI and CIEngines. Alternate fuels for SI and CIEngines.

Module-3

Chemicalequilibriumanalysis(BOLandEOL), ApplicationofNACA–CEAcode.

Introduction to air pollutants and pollution; Genesis and formation of engine emissions, NO kinetics, Soot formation and oxidation, NOx-Soot trade off. Control of emissions in SI and CI engines, Impactofengined esign parameters on emissions, exhaust aftertreatment, leande-NOx catalysts.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] StephenR.Turns,AnIntroductiontoCombustionConceptsandApplications,McGrawHillInternationalEdition, 2012.
- [2] V.Ganesan, Internal Combustion Engines, TataMcGraw Hill Education (India), 2012.
- [3] FergusonC.R., KirkpatrickA.T., Internal. Combustion Engines: Applied Thermosciences, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2001.
- [4] Willard W. Pulkrabek, Engineering Fundamentals of the Internal Combustion Engine, Pears on Prentice-Hall, 2004.
- [5] PundirB.P.,EngineEmissions:PollutantFormationandAdvancesinControlTechnology,NarosaPu blishingHouse, NewDelhi, 2007.
- [6] GuptaH.N., Fundamentals of Internal Combustion Engines, PHILearning Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

CourseOutcomes

CO1:Understandtheconstructional features and systems of different types of internal combustionengines. CO2:Understand basic concepts of engine simulation and performance optimization. CO3:Tofamiliarize the mechanism of combustion, pollutant formation and its control.

25TF646 InverseHeatTransfer

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Module-1

Inverse heat transfer problem concept, Convexand non-convexfunctions, Fundamentals of natureof solutions of mathematical models, Well and ill-posed problems, Regularization, Conditionalprobability, Baye's theorem, conditional independence, Naïve Bayes.

Module-2

Linear and non-linear optimisation problems, Parameter estimation, Gradient descend methods, Levenberg-Marquard method, Conjugate gradient method, Adjoint problem. Review of governing equations of heat transfer and fluid flow problems, inverse problems, examples, Methods of designof experiments

DifferentialEvolutionTechniques'(geneticalgorithm based).

Module-3

Deterministic, heuristic, and hybrid methods for Single-Objective optimization and response surfacegeneration, Adjoint methods, Bayesian approaches for the solution of inverse problems, Low-ordermodels and their use for solving inverse boundary problems, Data, Noise, and Model reduction ininverseproblems, Applications.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Ozisik,M.N.andOrlande,H.R,Inverseheattransfer:fundamentalsandapplications.CRCpress,202
- [2] AfshinJ.Ghajar, Thermal Measurements and Inverse Techniques, CRC press, 2011
- [3] Orlande, Helcio RB., Inverseheattransfer: fundamental sandapplications. CRCPress, 2021
- [4] Beck, James Vere, and Kenneth J. Arnold. Parameter estimation in engineering and science. James Beck, 1977.

CourseOutcomes

- CO1:Capabilityto understand mathematical backgroundofinverseproblems.
- CO2:Capability to understand the nature of mathematical models and methods to solve
- $them CO3: Capability to convert parameter\ estimation problems into optimization problems\ and solve\ them.$
- CO4:Capability to formulate inverse problems in heat transfer and select appropriate method tosolve.
- CO5:Capabilityofidentifyresearchproblems indesignofsystems involvingheat transfer.

Physicsofminiaturisation-scalinglaws.

MicroscaleEnergyTransportinSolids:Microstructureofsolids,crystalvibrationsandphonons,photoninterac tions, particle transport theories, non-equilibrium energytransfer.

MolecularForcesandPhaseChangeinThinLiquidFilms:Thermodynamicsofthinfilms,interfacialmenisc us properties, interfacial mass flux.

Heat Transfer and Pressure Drops in Microchannels: Single phase and two phase flow, flow boiling, dryout, bubble behaviour, flow pattern.

Module2

Microfluidics:Introduction,continuumassumption,pressuredrivenmicroflows,boundaryconditionin fluid mechanics, surfacetension driven flows, Electrokinetic Flows.

Nan of luidics: Simple Fluids in Nanochannels, Waterinn an och annels, nan of luidicener gy conversion.

Module3

MicroHeatPipes:Fundamentaloperatingprinciples, steady state and transient modeling and construction te chniques.

Microscale Thermal Sensors and Actuators: MEMS technology, flow sensors, infrared radiation detectors, thermal conductivity sensor, thermal expansion actuators and microsteamengine. Nanofluids: Preparation of nano-fluids, sputtering, characterization of nano-fluids, thermal properties of nano-fluids, single phase convective and boiling heat transfer processes.

Drugdelivery, labon chipdevices, BioMEMS.

- [1] Nam-TrungNguyen,StevenT.Wereley,SeyedAliMousaviShaegh,FundamentalsandApplicationsofMi crofluidics, 3rd Ed.,Artech House,2019.
- [2] Tien, C. L., Majumdar, A. and Gerner, F. M., Microscale Energy Transport, Taylor & Francis, 2003.
- [3] Karniadakis, G., Beskok, A., and Aluru, N., Microflows and Nanoflows: Fundamentals and Simulation, Springer, 2005.
- [4] CBSobhan, GPPeterson, Microscale and Nanoscale Heat Transfer-Fundamentals and Engineering Applications, Taylor and Francis/CRC, 2008.
- [5] Satish, K., Srinivas, G., Dongqing, L., Stephane, C., and Michael R. K., Heat Transfer and Fluid Flowin Minichannels and Microchannels, First Edition, Elsevier, 2005.
- [6] Kirby, B.J., Micro- and Nanoscale Fluid Mechanics: Transport in MicrofluidicDevices, Cambridge University Press, 2010

CourseOutcomes

- CO1:Tofamiliarisewiththescalingofforceswithsystemsizeandtheassociatedchangesinthephysicalbeha vior ofmicro/nano scalesystems.
- CO2:Togainafundementalunderstandingaboutthethermaltransportinmicro/nanoscalesystems.
- CO3:Tofamiliarisewithmethodsusedforanalysingfluidtransportinmicro/nanoscalesystems.
- CO4:Toidentify,formulate,andsolveinterdisciplinaryproblemsrelevantformicroandnanoscalethermal and fluid systems.

25TF648 Two-phaseFlowandHeatTransfer

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Module-1

Introduction to phase change flow and heat transfer technology, Various industrial applications, Review of one-dimensional conservation equations in single phase flows, Types of flow, volumetric concentration, void fraction, volumetric flux, relative velocity, drift velocity, flow regimes, flowpatternmaps, analytical models.

Interfacial tension, wetting phenomenon and contact angles, Phase stability and nucleation.

HomogeneousFlow:Onedimensionalsteadyhomogeneousequilibriumflow,homogeneousfrictionfactor, turbulentflow friction factor.

Module-2

Separated Flow: Slip, Lockhart-Martinelli method for pressure drop calculation, pressure drop forflowwithboiling, flowwithphasechange.

Drift Flow Model: General theory, gravity flows with no wall shear, correction to simple theory, Armondor Bankoff flowparameters.

Boiling: Thermodynamics of boiling, Regimes of boiling, nucleation and dynamics of bubbles, gasnucleation in bulk liquid, growth of bubbles, motion at a heating surface, heat transfer rates in poolboiling, critical heat flux in pool boiling, forced convection boiling, critical heat flux in forcedconvectionboiling, minimumheatflux, filmboiling, postdryoutheattransfer, heattransfercorrelations, boiling of metals. Flow instabilities, choking intwo-phase flow.

Module-3

Condensation: Nusselttheory, Filmanddrop-wisecondensation, boundary layer treatment of laminar film condensation, condensation in vertical and horizontal tubes, condensation inside ahorizontal tube.

SignalAnalysis, Two Fluid-PopulationBalanceTechnique, Volume ofFluid Method,Lattice-BoltzmannModel, Smoothed Particle Hydrodynamics.

Molecular Dynamics: Boiling, Condensation, Solid-Liquid Flow, Gas-Solid-Flow.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Ishii, M.and Hibiki, T., Thermo-fluid Dynamics of Two-Phase Flow, Springer. 2009.
- [2] Collier, J.G. and Thome, J.R., Convective Boiling and Condensation, Oxford University Press, 1996
- [3] Brennen, C.E., Fundamentals of Multiphase Flow, Cambridge University Press. 2009.
- [4] Tong, L.S. and Tang, Y.S., Boiling Heat Transfer and Two-phase Flow, 2nd Ed., CRCPress. 1997.
- [5] Ghiaasiaan, S.M., Two-Phaseflow, Boiling, and Condensation", 2ndedition, 2017, Cambridge University Press
- [6] GrahamBWallis, Onedimensional two phase flow, McGraw Hill, 1969.

CourseOutcomes

- CO1:Describethemostimportantphenomenaandprinciplesoftwo-phaseflowinengineeringapplications
- CO2:Applythebasictwo-phasemodelsandflowpatternmapstocalculatethepressuredropsoftwo-phaseflowat various conditions.
- CO3: Explain the main points of boiling and condensation, he attransfer, and their enhancement methods and the condensation of the condensation
- CO4:Describethe conceptboilingcrisis(e.g.,DNB- departurefromnucleate boiling,anddryout)andits modelling
- CO5:Applythemodelsofcriticalflowandfloodingtoanalyzelimitingflowofengineeringprocesses.
- CO6:Understandthecurrentstatustowriteascientificreviewforatopicinthefieldoftwo-phaseflow and heat transfer and identifyproblemforresearch

Overview of Fuel Cells, Fuel Cell performance. Low and high temperature fuel cells, Polymerelectrolyte fuel cells, Alkaline fuel cells, Phosphoric fuel cells, Molten carbonate fuel cells, Solidoxide fuel cells, Fuel Cell thermodynamics, Fuel Cell Efficiency, Fuel Cell Electrochemistry, Fuelcell reaction kinetics- electrode kinetics, CurrentPotential Relationship, Sensitivity of Parametersinpolarization curve.

Module-2

Cell components, Materials Properties and Process: Membrane, Electrode, Gas Diffusion Layer, Bipolar Plates. Fuel cell Operating Conditions: Operating Pressure and Temperature, Reactant flowrates. Fuel Cell Mass and Energy Balance. Fuel Cell Modelling: Conservation of Mass, Momentum, Energy, Species and Charge. Sizing of Fuel Cell Stack, Stack configuration, Fuel cell systems and Sample calculations.

Module-3

Hydrogen as a source of energy, physical and chemical properties, suitability of hydrogen as a fuel, salient characteristics, relevant issues and concerns.

Production of hydrogen, thermal-Steam reformation, gasification and woody biomass conversion, partial oxidation methods, biological hydrogen production, photo dissociation, direct thermal or cat-alyticsplitting of water.

General storage methods, compressed storage-composite cylinders, metal hydride storage, carbonbasedmaterials forhydrogenstorage. Safetyaspectsof hydrogen storageand handling.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] AndrewL.Dicks,DavidA.J.Rand,FuelCellSystemsExplained,ThirdEdition,JohnWiley&SonsLt d, 2018
- [2] FranoBarbir, PEMFuelCell: TheoryandPractice, AcademicPress, ElsevierInc, 2012
- [3] Bent Sorensen, Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Emerging Technologies and Applications, AcademicPress, ElsevierScience, 2012
- [4] BusbyRL, HydrogenandFuelCells: AComprehensive Guide, PennWellBooks (2005).
- [5] GuptaR.B.(2008);HydrogenFuel:Production,TransportandStorage,CRCPress
- [6] TomorrowsEnergy:Hydrogen,Fuelcellsandtheprospectsforacleanerplanet,PeterHoffman,TheM ITPress,Cambridge,London,England.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Understand and apply the basic thermodynamic and electrochemistry to fuel cell systems.CO2:Understandthe effectof operatingconditions on the performance of the fuel cell.

CO3:Studentsabletounderstandanddemonstratethehydrogenproductiontechnologies,storagemethodsand strategies for transition tohydrogen economy.

Instrumentation:Introduction:Measurementanditsclassification by physical characteristics, direct and inferential measurement, on- and off-line measurement.

StaticCharacteristicsofInstruments:Error,accuracy,repeatability,drift,threshold,backlash,hysteresis, zero-stability, static, coulomb and viscous friction, live zero, suppressed zero, workingbind.

Sensor and Transducers: Classification, principles and applications, interpretation of performancespecificationoftransducers.

Building Blocks of an Instrument: Transducer, amplifier, signal conditioner, signal isolation, signaltransmitter, display, data acquisition modules, I/O devices, interfaces. Process

Instrumentation: Working principles of transducers/instruments employed for the measurement offlow,level,pressure,temperature,density,viscosity, etc.andtheirmeritsanddemerits.

Module-2

Data Acquisition and Signal Processing: Systems for data acquisition and processing, modules and computerized data system, digitization rate, time and frequency domain representation of signals, and Nyquist criterion; Introduction to Lab View and Matlab for data capture and analysis.

Process Control: Introduction: The concept of process dynamics and control, review of Laplacetransformmethods, Laplacetransformofdisturbances and building functions, dynamic modelbuil ding of simple systems.

Linear Open Loop System: Physical examples of first order systems and their response for step,impulse and sinusoidal inputs, linearization of nonlinear models, response of first order system inseries,examplesofsecond order systems and their response.

Linear Closed Loop System: The control system and its elements, closed loop transfer functions, transient response of simple control systems, concept of stability and use of Routh-Hurwitz test for stability.

Module-3

Controllers: Modes of control action, control systemandits closed-loop transfer function.

RootLocus Method: Rootlocus treatment, response from rootlocus and its application to control system design.

FrequencyResponse:Introductiontofrequencyresponse,Bodediagramsofsimplesystems,Bodestabilitycrit erion,Controlsystemdesignbyfrequencyresponse,useofgainandphasemargins.

Modelpredictivecontrol, Batch Process control, Plant-widecontrol & monitoring, Plant-widecontrol design, Instrumentation for process monitoring, Statistical process control, Introduction to Fuzzy Logic in Process Control, Introduction to OPC, Introduction to environmental issues and sustainable development relating to process industries.

ProcessAutomation,Roleofdigitalcomputersysteminprocesscontrol,Distributedinstrumentationand control system,PLC,DCS, SCADA.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Ramesh C Panda and T. Thyagarajan, An Introduction to Processmodelling, Identification and control for Engineers, Narosa Publishing House, 2017.
- [2] NakraB.C.andChaudhry K.K.,Instrumentation,MeasurementandAnalysis,2ndEd.,Tata-McGrawHill.2004
- [3] Andrew W.G., Applied Instrumentation in the Process Industries, Vol. I, II and III 3rd Ed., Gulf Publication. 1993
- [4] DonaldR.Coughanowr,ProcessSystemsAnalysisandControl,ThirdEdition,McGrawHillInc.,201
- [5] DaleE.Seborg,DuncanA.Mellichamp,ThomasF.EdgarandFrancisJ.DoyleProcessDynamicsand Control, JohnWileyandSons, 2010.
- [6] BequetteB.W., Process Control Modeling, Designand Simulation, Prentice-Hallof India. 2003

CourseOutcomes

CO1:Understand basic principles and importance of process control in industrial process plants.CO2:Studyand estimatevarious characteristics of instruments CO3:AnalyseanddesignLinearOpenandClosed LoopSystems

CO4:Controllers and Modes of control actionCO5:Plant-widemonitoring & control CO6:ProcessAutomation andDistributedinstrumentationandcontrolsystem..

25TF653 Introductiontodata-drivenmethods

L T P C 3 0 0 3

Module-1

Implementation of Linear Systems Revisited: Direct Solution Methods, Iterative Solution Methods, Gradient(Steepest)Descent, Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors and Solvability, Nonlinear Systems. Curvefitting: Least-Square Fitting Methods, Polynomial Fitsand Splines. Singular Value Decomposition: Basics, Principal Component Analysis (PCA), Diagonalization, Proper orthogonal Modes. Dimensionality Reduction: POD for Partial differential equations, POD expansion, POD with symmetries.

Module-2

Dynamic mode decomposition (DMD): Introduction, Dynamics of DMD versus POD, ApplicationsofDMD.

Dataassimilation:Introductionandapplications.

Equation free modelling: Multiscale physics, Lifting and Restricting in Equation- Free

Computing.Module-3

Applications of POD and DMD for Thermal and Fluid systems: Introduction to coherent structures, Turbulence, Jet flows, boundary layer, flows in complex geometries, flows in internal combustionengines.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Kutz,J.N.,Brunton,S.,Brunton,B.,andProctor,J.,DatadrivenModelingandScientificComputation: MethodforComplexSystemsandBigData. OxfordUniversityPress,2013.
- [2] Kutz,J.N.,Brunton,S.,DatadrivenScienceandEngineering:MachineLearning,DynamicalSystemsa nd Control. CambridgeUniversityPress, 2019.
- [3] Holmes, P., Lumley, J.L., Berkooz, G., and Rowley, C.W., Turbulence, Coherent Structures, Dynamic al Systems and Symmetry. Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- [4] Kutz,J.N.,Brunton,S.,Brunton,B.,andProctor,J.,DynamicModeDecomposition:DataDrivenMode lingof ComplexSystems.SIAM,2016.
- [5] Anton, H., and Rorres, C., Elementary Linear Algebra. John Wiley & Sons Inc. 2005.

Courseoutcomes

- CO1:Togainfundamentalknowledgeonthebasicconceptsandtheoreticalideasindata-driventechniquesin thecontext ofprogramminglanguageinfrastructure.
- CO2: Todevelopanunderstanding of the algorithms used for transforming and reducing data.
- CO3:Toimplementthevarioustheoreticalandcomputationaltoolsonscientificapplicationsrelevantf or thermal and fluid systems.

25TF654 MachineLearningandArtificialIntelligence $\begin{array}{c|cccc} L & T & P & C \\ \hline 3 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{array}$

Module-1

Mathematical concept review: Linear algebra and Probability, Introduction to Machine learning, Terminologies in machine learning, Types of machine learning, Linear Regression, MultivariateRegression, Bias Variance, Classification of Linear models, Bayesian Classifiers.

Module-2

Regularization, Hyper-parameter Tuning, Subset selection, shrinkage method, DimensionalityReduction, Evaluation measures, Decision trees, Ensemble models—Bagging and Boosting, Random Forest.

Module-3

Support Vector Machines - Large margin classifiers, Nonlinear SVM, kernel functions Hyperplane, Perceptron Learning, Unsupervised Learning Algorithms: Dimensionality Reduction-PrincipalComponent Analysis (PCA), Clustering – Hierarchical, Partitioned clustering: K-means, Basics of Neural Network.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] GilbertStrang, Linear Algebraandlearningfrom data, Wellesley, Cambridgepress, 2019.
- [2] KevinMurphy, MachineLearning: AProbabilistic Perspective, MITPress 2012
- [3] TomMitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw Hill, 1997
- [4] G.James, R.Tibshirani, AnIntroduction to Statistical Learning: with applications in R, Spring-er.
- [5] T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, Elements of Statistical Learning: Data mining, Inference and Prediction Springer.
- [6] AndreasMullerandSarahGuido,IntroductiontoMachineLearningwithPython:AGuideforDataScie ntists, Shroff/O'Reilly, 2016.

CO1:Developa good understandingoffundamental principlesofmachine

learning. CO2: Formulation of a Machine Learning problem.

CO3:Develop a model using supervised/unsupervised machine learning algorithms forclassification/prediction/clustering.

CO4: Evaluate performance of various machine learning algorithms on various datasets of a domain.

CO5:DesignandConcreteimplementationsofvariousmachinelearningalgorithmstosolveagivenproble m usinglanguagessuchasPython.

25TF655 NuclearReactorThermal-HydraulicsandSafety $\begin{bmatrix} L & T & P & C \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

Module1

Basic concepts of reactor physics, radioactivity. Neutron Scattering. Thermal and fast reactors. Overview of nuclear reactor systems. Sources and distribution of thermal loads in nuclear powerreactors.

Flow Regimes in Two-Phase Flow, Two-phase flow models: Homogeneous Equilibrium Model, Separated and Slip Flow Model, Void Fraction Correlations, Stratified Flow Analysis and FlowPattern transition, Pool Boiling & Flow Boiling Heat Transfer, Critical Flow, Nuclear Applications of Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer.

Module2

Heat generation in fuel, coolant, structural and shield materials and decay heat, Nuclear HeatTransport, steady and unsteady conduction in fuel, cladding, and structural materials elements, Multi-dimensional thermal-hydraulics in plenum.

Hydraulicsofreactorsystemloops, Hydraulicsofheated channels.

Thermal stratification, thermal shock, thermal fatigue, gas entrainment, steam-liquid droplet separation.

Safety philosophy, Thermal Design Principles, Single Channel Analysis, Sub-channel analysis, LOCA and LOFA Modelling, modelling of containment loading. Waste management. Indian nuclearpowerprogram.

NuclearInstrumentation, HealthPhysics, RadiationShielding.

ReviewofThermal-HydraulicsCodesUsedforReactorAccidentAnalysis,AdvancedSafetyConceptsand UpcomingReactor SafetyMethodsand next generationreactors.

Thermal-Hydraulics Uncertainty Analysis, Probabilistic safety assessment, regulatory procedureandlicensing.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] Todreas, NeilE., and MujidS. Kazimi. Nuclear Systems Volume 1: Thermal Hydraulic Fundamentals. 2nd ed. CRC Press, 2011.
- [2] Glasstone, S. and Sesonske, A., Nuclear Reactor Engineering, 4th Edn. Vol. 1(2001) Vol. 2(2004), CBS Publishers & Distributors
- [3] VaidyanathanG., NuclearReactorEngineering(PrinciplesandConcepts), SChand&Company, 2013.
- [4] Lamarsh, J.R. and Baratta, A.J., Introduction to Nuclear Engineering, 3rd Edn, Prentice Hall, 2001.
- [5] LewisE.E., Nuclear reactor Safety, Wiley Interscience, 1977.
- [6] TongL.S. and Tang Y.S., Boilingheattransfer and Two-phase Flow, Taylor and Francis, 1997.

CourseOutcomes

CO1:ApplicationofreactorphysicsconceptsandworkingofthermalandfastreactorsCO2:Un derstanding of two-phase flows, boiling, condensation, Critical Heat

FluxCO3:Heatgeneration and transportinreactor

CO4: Thermal hydraulic phenomena in side reactor vessel and components CO5: Safet yprinciples & safety evaluation and Licencing aspects

CO6: Analysis of Transient and Accidents

Introduction & Economics: Energy scenario, Overview power plants, Types of power stations, Economy and thermal schemes of power stations. Review of various ideal cycles—Rankine and Brayton—and fuel-air cycles. Thermodynamics optimization of design parameters. Load curves, var-ious terms and factors involved in power plant calculations. Effect of variable load on power plantoperation, Selection of power plant units. Economics of plant selection, other considerations inplantselection.

Module-2

Coal based plants: Analysis of steam cycles, Feedwater heaters, Deaerator and drain cooler, Optimization of cycle parameters, reheat and regeneration, Analysis of multi-fluid coupled cycles, Cogeneration of power and process heat. Thermal power plant equipment, Combustion mechanisms, Furnaces, Combustion control, boilers (coal based, RDF based), economizers, Feedwater treatment, feed water heater, Boiler maintenance, ash handling system, Dust collection system Operation and maintenance of steam power plant, heat balance and efficiency, Site selection of a steam powerplant

Gas turbine plants: Layout of gas turbine power plant, Elements of gas turbine power plants, Gasturbine fuels, cogeneration, auxiliary systems such as fuel, controls and lubrication, operation andmaintenance, Combined cycle powerplants, Siteselection of gas turbinepower plant.

Module-3

Diesel based plants: General layout, Components of Diesel power plant, Performance of dieselpower plant, fuel system, lubrication system, air intake and admission system, supercharging system, exhaust system, diesel plant operation and efficiency, heat balance, Site selection of dieselpowerplant, Comparativestudy of dieselpower plant with steampower plant.

Nuclear based plants: Elements of nuclear power plants, nuclear reactors and fuels. New generationpowerplants.

Renewable energy: solar, geothermal, wind, biomass, ocean, fuel cells, Environmental aspects ofpower generation, sustainability and futurescenarios.

Negative emission power plants: Introduction, thermodynamics, carbon capture and utilization, techno-economicaspects.

- [1] PowerPlantEngineering, P.K. Nag, McGraw-HillEducation
- [2] PowerPlantTechnology,M.M.El-Wakil,McGraw-HillEducation
- [3] GasTurbines by V Ganeshan, McGraw HillEducation
- [4] SteamTurbineTheoryandPractice,WilliamJ.Kearton,CBSPublication

[5] Suryanarayana, N.V., and Arici, O, Designand Simulation of Thermal Systems, McGraw Hill. 2001

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Skilltoidentifysuitablethermalplantforpowergenerationbasedontechnoeconomicconsiderations.

CO2: Abilityto do siteselection for apower plant.

CO3: Abilitytoanalysetheperformance of thermal power plants.

CO4:Skilltosuggest methodsforimprovingthe performanceofpowerplants.

CO5:Skilltoundertakeresearchstudies inconventionalandnon-conventionalpowerplants

25TF657 RenewableEnergy

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Module-1

Renewableenergysourcesin India-potentialsites, availability.

SolarEnergy:measurementandcollection, flat plate collectors, concentrating collectors, solar ponds, photovoltaic conversion, Thermalenergy storage, Potential and scope of solar cooling, Types of solar cooling systems.

Ocean Energy: Principles of OTEC (Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion) - wave energy, tidal energy, energyconversion systems.

Module-2

Wind Energy: Principle, potential and status; Wind characteristics; Measurement of wind speed, Wind direction; National Wind Atlas; Theory of wind turbine blades; types of wind turbines andtheir characteristics.

Bio-fuels: Sources and potential, properties and characterization; Biogas generation through aerobicand anaerobic digestion, bio-diesel and ethanol production and utilization. Thermo-chemical meth-ods of biofuel utilization: Combustion and gasification; utilization of producer gas for thermal andelectricitygeneration.

Module-3

Geo-thermalEnergy-nature, types and utilization.

Recent trends in renewable energy- Flow Induced Vibration as a source of energy, Hydrogen energy.

Applications: Applications of renewable energy sources-typical examples. Energy audit.

- [1] Boyle&Godfrey,RenewableEnergy:Powerforasustainablefuture,ThirdEdition,OxfordUniversity Press, New York,2012.
- [2] JohnTwidell&TonyWeir,RenewableEnergyResources,3rdEdition,TaylorandFrancis,2015
- [3] AldoVRosa, Fundamentals of Renewable Energy Processes, 2nd Edition, Elsevier Inc, USA, 2009.
- [4] Craddock, D., Renewable Energy Made Easy: Free Energy from Solar, Wind, Hydropower and other alternative energy sources, Atlantic Publishing Group Inc., 2008.
- [5] Wengenmayr,R.,Buhrke,T.,RenewableEnergy:SustainableEnergyConceptsforthefuture,Wiley-VCHVerlagGmbH &Co, Germany, 2008.

Courseoutcome

- CO1:Explainthetechnicalfunctioningandprinciplesofvarioustechniquesfortheutilisationandconversionof renewableenergy
- CO2:Mathematicallyillustrateandmodelrenewableenergyprocessesandperformcalculationsfordifferentte chnical solutions

CO3:

Identifydifferentchallengesinimplementationofdifferentrenewableenergysystems.CO4:Identifyth escopeoffurther researchineachrenewable energytechnology.

Module-1

Hydraulic machines: Impact of jets on vanes: flat, curved, stationary and moving vanes - radial flowover vanes. Impulse and reaction turbines: Design concepts- performance characteristics-workdoneandefficiencies.Centrifugalpumps:Workingprinciple—Performancecharacteristics—Energytransferand Efficiencies-NPSHCavitation – Trouble shooting.

Module-2

Thermal turbomachines: Fundamental equation of energy transfer - specific work- representation of specific work in T-S and H-S diagrams - performance - losses and efficiencies - flow coefficient - loading coefficient - degree of reaction - shape number - specific speed - polytropic efficiency - Two-dimensional cascade theory- Cascade nomenclature: lift and drag - losses and efficiency - compressorandturbinecascadeperformance- correlationsforturbineandcompressorperformance, Hawthorne's correlation-Soderberg's correlation

Module-3

Axialflowmachines:turbines,compressors,andfans-two-dimensionaltheory-Velocitydiagram -stagelossesandefficiency-designandoff-designcharacteristics,Centrifugalcompressors—theoreticalanalysis—impeller,diffuserandcasing- optimumdesignof compressor-inletpre-whirl -slipfactor-pressureratio-chokinginacompressorstage-surge,andstall.Radialflowturbines:typesof inlet flow -efficiency-off-design characteristics-loss coefficients.

Experiments and CFD: Experimental methods to measure flow and thermal fields in turbomachines – Application of CFD in analysis and design of turbomachinery.

TEXTBOOKS/REFERENCES

- [1] YahyaS.M., Turbines, Compressors and Fans, TataMcGrawHill, NewDelhi, 4th Edition, 2011.
- [2] S.L.DixonandC.A.Hall,FluidMechanics,ThermodynamicsofTurbomachinery,PergamonPress, 7th Ed., 2014.
- [3] Uzol.O and Katz.J, Flow measurement Techniques in Turbomachinery, Springer Handbook of Experimental Fluid Mechanics, 2007, pp. 919-957.
- [4] PNModi.,S.M.Seth.,Hydraulics andFluidMechanicsincludingHydraulicMachines,StandardBook House, 21st Ed, 2017.
- [5] JournalsinTurbomachinery: ASMEJournalofTurbomachinery, ASMEJournalofEngineeringforG asTurbinesandPower, AIAAJournalofPropulsion andPower.

CourseOutcomes

CO1: Capabilityto analysetheperformanceof turbomachines

CO2: Abilityto select turbomachines fordifferentapplications

CO3: Predictperformanceof turbomachineusing model analysis

CO4: Conductresearchstudies onturbo machinestoimprovetheirperformance

GLIMPSES OF INDIAN CULTURE

P/F

22ADM501: GLIMPSES OF INDIAN CULTURE

A. Prerequisite: nil

B. Nature of Course: Theory

C. Course Objectives:

- The course "Glimpses of Indian Culture" aims to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of various aspects of Indian culture, with a focus on its spiritual, philosophical, and religious dimensions.
- Through an exploration of the chapters from the provided book, students will gain insights into the foundational principles, practices, and symbols that shape the diverse cultural landscape of India
- Aligned with the Indian Knowledge Systems (IKS) framework outlined in the National Education
 Policy, this course serves as an introduction to the vast reservoir of wisdom and knowledge rooted in
 Indian heritage.
- By engaging with the chapters in the book, students will develop a holistic appreciation for the rich tapestry of Indian culture, spanning from its philosophical underpinnings to its artistic expressions, rituals, and societal values.
- This course aims to cultivate cultural sensitivity, critical thinking, and a deeper understanding of the diverse spiritual and cultural traditions that have shaped India's identity over millennia.

D. Course Outcomes: After successful completion of the course, Students will be able to:

CO	Course Outcomes	Knowledge level [Bloom's Taxonomy]		
CO01	Recall key concepts and terms associated with Sanatana Dharma, scriptures, and core cultural elements of India. Statement: Demonstrate the ability to remember essential terms, concepts, and principles discussed in the chapters on Sanatana Dharma, scriptures, and cultural aspects.	Remembering		
CO02	Explain the concepts of Īśvara, Guru Tattva, Avatara Tattva, and the Theory of Karma as foundational elements of Indian cultural philosophy. Statement: Understand the profound meanings of Īśvara, Guru, Avatara, and Karma, elucidating their importance in shaping Indian cultural thought.	Understanding		
CO03	Apply the knowledge of Purusharthas, Sanyasa, and Yajna to analyze real-life ethical and spiritual scenarios. Statement: Utilize insights from Purusharthas, Sanyasa, and Yajna to navigate ethical dilemmas and make informed decisions.	Applying		
CO04	Analyze the symbolism in cultural practices, Nataraja iconography, and temple architecture. Statement: Deconstruct the layers of symbolism in various cultural aspects, including Nataraja representation and temple architecture, unraveling their deep meanings.	Analyzing		
CO05	Evaluate the significance of temples as cradles of culture and explore alternative systems in India's cultural landscape. Statement: Assess the role of temples in preserving cultural heritage and critically examine the diversity of cultural and spiritual systems in India.	Evaluating		
CO06	Develop projects or presentations that highlight the essence of Sanatana Dharma, sadhana, and the cultural significance of symbols. Statement: Create expressive projects that capture the essence of Sanatana Dharma, convey the practices of sadhana, and portray the cultural meanings of symbols.	Creating		

POs Programme Outcomes	COs				
PO1: Engineering Knowledge PO2: Problem Analysis	CO 1: Recall key concepts and terms associated with Sanatana Dharma, scriptures,				
PO3: Design/Development of Solutions PO4: Conduct Investigations of complex problems	 and core cultural elements of India. CO 2: Explain the concepts of Īśvara, Guru 				
PO5: Modern tools usage PO6: Engineer and Society PO7: Environment and Sustainability	Tattva, Avatara Tattva, and the Theory of Karma as foundational elements of Indian				
PO8: Ethics PO9: Individual & Teamwork	 cultural philosophy CO 3: Apply the knowledge of Purusharthas, Sanyasa, and Yajna to analyze real-life ethical 				
PO10: Communication PO11: Project management & Finance PO12: Lifelong learning	 and spiritual scenarios. CO 4: Analyze the symbolism in cultural practices, Nataraja iconography, and temple 				
B.Tech. EEE Programme Specific Outcome (PSO)	 architecture. CO 5: Evaluate the significance of temples as cradles of culture and explore alternative 				
PSO1: Awareness of Future Technology: Develop solutions for	systems in India's cultural landscape.				

future systems using smart technologies.

PSO₂

Research and Innovation: Identify engineering challenges, approach using cutting edge research tools and execute innovative solutions.

 CO 6: Develop projects or presentations that highlight the essence of Sanatana Dharma, sadhana, and the cultural significance of symbols.

E. CO-PO Mapping: [affinity#: 3 – high; 2- moderate; 1- slightly]

COs	Program Outcomes [POs]											Program Specific Outcomes [PSOs]*		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO02	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO03	-	-	-		-	3	3	3	2	-	-	2	-	-
CO04	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO05	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO06	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	-	-	3	-	-
Total														
Average														

F. SYLLABUSGLIMPSES OF INDIAN CULTURE

[P/F]

Course Syllabus

Chapter 1 - What is Sanatana Dharma
Chapter 2 - The Heritage of Scriptures

Chapter 3 - The idea of Īśvara

Chapter 4 - Guru Tattva and Avatara Tattva

Chapter 5 - Theory of Karma
Chapter 6 - Purusharthas
Chapter 7 - Sanyasa
Chapter 8 - Yajna
Chapter 9 - Symbolism

Chapter 10 - Understanding Nataraja
Chapter 11 - Temples: The Cradle of Culture
Chapter 12 - Other Heterodox Systems in India

Chapter 13 - Sadhana

GLIMPSES OF INDIAN CULTURE

Reference Books:

The Eternal Truth by Mata Amritanandamayi Devi

Temples: Centers for Spiritual Practice by Mata Amritanandamayi Devi

All About Hinduism by Swami Sivananda

Art of God Symbolism by Swami Chinmayananda

Temples in India by Swami Sivananda

G. Evaluation Pattern: 60:40

Component	Weightage	Remarks
Internal	60	-
External	40	-
TOTAL	100	
